The New-York Times.

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IMPORTANT FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Capture of Alexandria by Admiral Porter.

General Banks' Forces in Possession.

Previous Bombardment and Capture of Fort De Russy.

The Great Cavalry Raid Through Mississippi.

Safe Arrival of Col. Grierson's Command at Baton Rouge.

DETAILED ACCOUNT OF THEIR EXPLOITS.

Immense and Irreparable Damage Inflicted upon the Enemy.

Only One of Our Men Killed, and Six Wounded.

Proposed Organization of a Corps D'Afrique by Gen. Banks.

The United States Mail Steamship *George Washington*, from New-Orleans on the 10th inst., arrived at this port yesterday. The transport *George Peabody* left New-Orleans on the same day.

The following important intelligence we find in an Extra of the Eve, issued on the day the steamer sailed:

"Rear Admiral FARRAGUT, Fleet-Capt. JENKINS, Dr. FOUSER, Surgeon of the fleet; E. C. GARRAGAN, Admiral FARRAGUT's Secretary; Fleet-Clerk PALMER and Lieut. EARLE, of the Army Signal Corps, arrived here this afternoon from Brashear City, and are now at the St. Charles Hotel.

Admiral FARRAGUT and his officers left the flagship *Hartford* in Red River, on Friday morning, and came through the Atchafalaya River and Grand Lake to Brashear City. He brings intelligence that Alexandria was captured, on the 6th, by Admiral PORTER, with his own and a portion of Admiral FARRAGUT's fleet.

Previously to taking Alexandria, to wit, on the 4th instant, the gunboats *Albatross*, *Estrella* and *Arizona* went up Red River on a reconnoissance, and made a prize of all that remained of Fort DeRussy. The batteries of the fort were first engaged, and soon the steamers *Grand Duke* and *Mary T.* took a part in the fight. The *Mary T.* had a shot put into her boiler, and was disabled. The *Grand Duke* made her escape, and the fort surrendered.

In this action, Mr. J. HAMILTON, pilot, of this city, and G. W. BROWN, seaman, were killed. Mr. GEORGE MESSERVE, pilot, GEORGE FITZ, JAMES DUNN and FRANK VINZENT, seamen, were wounded.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

We have learned since writing the above, that Alexandria was taken by Admiral PORTER early on the morning of the 6th; and at 5 o'clock in the evening, Gen. DUMONT's cavalry dashed into the place, thus forming a junction between the land forces of the Department of the Gulf and the Western forces."

We are indebted to Purser ALLEN, of the *George Washington*, for special favors.

OUR NEW-ORLEANS CORRESPONDENCE.

Wonderful Cavalry Exploits—Grand Demonstrations at the St. Charles Hotel—May Day Celebration—Registered Enemies and Gen. Banks' Proclamation—The Rebel Prisoners at Algiers—Mighty Exciting News from Gen. Banks' Army.

NEW-ORLEANS, Thursday, May 7, 1863.

The Department of the Gulf has, at last, grouped itself to action, and events of the most startling character are so rapidly succeeding each other down here, that it is not very easy to keep pace with them. A correspondent never before had so much reason to covet the power of ubiquity. You have been so long accustomed, in the North, to keep your eyes intently fixed on Richmond and the Rappahannock, that I can readily imagine the surprise with which you must read the tidings which each successive mail brings you from this distant latitude. Be assured that you have only yet received the first instalment of events that will electrify the world. I should not be surprised if the Mississippi should prove, at last, the *base of operations* by which we can most instantaneously reach the innermost heart of this mighty rebellion; and I am quite sure that if the Government only keeps the military ardor and genius of Gen. BANKS well fed thoroughly supported by every necessary reinforcement and supply, it will take him but a short while to give the rebel leaders their *congé* in grease.

We can now truly say of Union joys in this department what Rosse said of Scotland's griefs:

"That of an hour's age doth hiss the speaker;
Each minute teems a new one."

The newest is the arrival among us of that gallant and heroic band—the Sixth and Seventh Illinois cavalry Volunteers—who have just cleared their way through the heart of the enemy's country, traversing the entire length and breadth of the State of Mississippi, all the way from La Grange, Tennessee, to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

As the event was altogether too important to be embodied in the ordinary space of a letter, I have put it in the shape of a concrete document. Let not the reader be scared at the length of it, for every word will amply repay perusal. Let him provide himself with a good map of the State of Mississippi, follow that description—mile for mile—think of the dangers these men had to encounter, the physical difficulties to overcome, their small numbers and the forces opposed to them, their half-twenty campaign, the enormous amount of injury they have done to the enemy, and the terror they have kindled—and then ask himself whether, for rapidity of movement, strategic conception and daring execution, courage, patience, and heroic endurance, he ever heard or read of anything to surpass it in the whole annals of warfare, ancient or modern.

To go over all that these men have accomplished—men, the majority of whom probably were, but a very short time ago, following the peaceful avocations of life, seems almost overwhelming on the marvellous; and yet the record is clear enough.

In seven days they have travelled over 600 miles, through the heart of a hostile country, with large forces of the enemy, under Generals PEMBERTON and GARRARD, using every effort to surround and capture them. During that time they have had numerous fights, killing and wounding numbers of the enemy, and taking hundreds of prisoners, horses and contrabands—subsisted themselves—destroyed millions of property in bridges and trestles, some 200 cars, ammunition, stores, clothing, &c.; that the enemy will feel more keenly than the loss of a whole army.—played havoc with the telegraphs and three principal railroads, by which the beleaguered rebels on the Mississippi depended altogether for communication and aid from the interior, and which would take them many weeks to repair, even if they had the facilities—and all this with the miraculously small loss of only one killed and six wounded.

This is but a brief and imperfect summary of the material results of this grand event. But how shall we measure the length and breadth of that stupendous moral effect which it is going to produce, both at home and abroad, as soon as it is blessed to the world? What estimate can we put upon the loss of that impotently assumed *prestige* of invincibility, by which the rebel leaders and their Copperhead friends have been hitherto hoodwinking so many good but deluded people of the North? How can we value this withering exposure of the utter rottenness and weakness of the rebellion, where people expected to find it strongest,—the vindication and fortitude that such exposures will spread through the ranks of our armies, and the corresponding dismay and depression among those of the enemy? and how can we measure the extent to which this new and unexpected manifestation of our military power will cripple the rebels, by compelling them to divide their forces every where? to keep ten or fifteen thousand men guarding their railways, not knowing when or where a GARRARD or a PARSONS may come down upon them again like an avenging thunderbolt?

I had the privilege of an introduction to both these gallant officers, immediately on their arrival here,—and it was indeed cheering to hear their accounts of the state in which they found the rebel country through which they had just passed. "I tell you, General," said Col. GARRARD, turning to Gen. SHERMAN, "no one can pass through that country without knowing that the Confederacy is broken up; it is a mere shell with nothing in it. The negroes are not working, but flying from place to place. We met many with handcuffs on, and released them. Their crops of this year cannot be realized, and the whole slave-system is utterly demoralized in the State of Mississippi."

GRAND DEMONSTRATION AT THE ST. CHARLES.

As a matter of course, the presence of these heroes among us has created the wildest excitement. On the evening of their arrival from Baton Rouge (Tuesday, the 5th,) there was one of those speedy and spontaneous outbursts of genuine feeling which can only occur when some grand cause is agitating the mind of a whole community. It is to be questioned if the Rotunda of the St. Charles ever exhibited such a scene of uproarious loyalty as it presented on that occasion.

It having been understood that the excellent band of the Forty-seventh Massachusetts were going to serenade Col. GARRARD, a crowd began soon to collect; and, by 9 P. M., when the band woke up the echoes of the long corridors of the St. Charles Hotel with the "Star Spangled Banner," immense numbers had filled the spacious entrance portico, where Surgeon FOUSER addressed them. From this they passed with the band into the large Rotunda, where Capt. T. L. SWITZ, of Gen. GREENE's Staff, mounting on the central marble table, introduced Col. GARRARD to the multitude with a few most thrilling and eloquent remarks.

Col. GARRARD diffidently got upon the table, amid deafening shouts of applause, that seemed as if they would never cease; the circular gallery up in the dome, being filled with ladies, waving scarfs and handkerchiefs, and joining in the loud chorus of praise and welcome.

For a moment or two the brave Colonel stood literally overcome by such a reception; his unfeigned modesty forming so fine a contrast to his proved valor, as to make him appear only the more admirable to the crowd of ardent eyes riveted upon him. His first remark was that he "could easier face a host of rebels than such a demonstration;"—and his audience fully believed him. He confined himself to a few feeling and pertinent words of thanks, in which he disclaimed all personal honor to himself, for only having done his duty, but delegated all praise to his officers and the gallant men who had gone through such untold hardships and dangers, without a single murmur. This, indeed, forms the whole burden of the Colonel's thoughts, as often as his deeds are alluded to. Never were intrinsic worth and valor more unaffectedly combined with frank and benevolent simplicity of character. Such a combination has resistless influence upon brave men, and I can readily believe what one of his troopers told me—that there is not a man of his command but would cheerfully lay down his life for him.

After a few short and appropriate remarks from various speakers—military and civilian—during which a large Union flag was suddenly displayed from the upper gallery, by Mr. JOHN E. HAYES, of the Boston *Traveller*, amid the most enthusiastic plaudits,—Maj. SHAW, of the Sixth Illinois cavalry, being loudly called for, returned thanks in a few appropriate and modest remarks.

Col. PARSONS, of the Seventh Illinois, who had been accidentally absent at the commencement of the proceedings, was then introduced to the crowd by Lieut. A. G. HYDE, of the *Eva*, and his appearance was greeted with intense delight. The gallant Colonel is no ordinary speaker, and kept his audience deeply interested in the brief but graphic picture which he gave of scenes through which they had just passed.

Alluding to the miserable deception to which the rebel leaders resort, in giving a false coloring of so to their deluded followers, he says that wherever our cavalry was coming there was a general closing up of doors and shutters, and a stampede of everything with twoor four legs. But the people with whom they conversed, seemed surprised to find that they were not the savages they had been painted. The ladies, too, along the route, they found to be real women—whose conduct was perfectly natural. They had not yet learned to act after the manner of the "ranted women" of the cities—they did not scud, or scowl, or spit at them; as the women in the large towns are accustomed to do, but treated them all as gentlemen. In fact, they could not help but be pleased with the general character of the reception they met. They could not have been more kindly treated any where than they were by these people, who have their sons, brothers and fathers in the rebel army, and whose interests and sympathies are enlisted in the rebel cause. They offered them the hospitalities of their houses, gave *information and furnished them with guides*, and dealt with them frankly and in a friendly manner.

In freely giving us his view as to the probable result of the struggle from what he had personally witnessed, he told us that he thought from the damage done the Jackson Railroad, Port Hudson could not be held ten days, and that by the expiration of that period, it would be in the hands of our army with all its armament and supplies. With Port Hudson in our possession, nothing could prevent the same command from pushing in the rear of Vicksburg, and destroying the railroad there as it had done beyond Jackson. This accomplished, Vicksburgh must fall, and he felt warranted in saying that in twenty days this boasted stronghold of rebeldom would be in possession of our forces—that the people of New-Orleans would drink the waters of the Mississippi repolluted by the finger of a single traitor-born rebel.

ANOTHER DEMONSTRATION.

Not satisfied with the ovation of the preceding night, several leading gentlemen determined to present to Col. GARRARD a splendid war horse, and to Col. PARSONS a superb military saddle and bridle, richly trimmed with gold lace, as small but decorous tokens from the Unionists of New-Orleans, of their deep appreciation of such noble services.

The scene presented in the Rotunda this evening was a counterpart of the last, except that it far exceeded it in numbers and loyal manifestations, and that many more ladies were present.

The proceedings were commenced by L. MARRERO DAY—a well-known resident—mounting the marble table, and on behalf of the Unionists of New-Orleans, presenting the gifts to the distinguished guests, which he did in a short but very able speech.

On Col. GARRARD (taking the reins, the scene presented was very astounding. Two beautiful little girls, dressed in white—each bearing a small flag and one of those lovely bouquets of magnolias and other gorgeous flowers, to be found only in this semi-tropical region—were lifted up to the side of the Colonel, and presented their floral offerings, with a neat little speech from the older of the two.

My limited space forbids a detail of the Colonel's very earnest and telling speech on this occasion, but the few following remarks, coming from such a source, will have such deep significance with your readers in every part of the country, that I am tempted to send them:

"In passing through the Confederacy, I have had a good opportunity to form a correct opinion of its strength. The hopes of the people are overestimated. They have neither the armies nor the resources we have given them credit for, and we have been greatly deceived in regard to the means and power of the rebels. Passing through their country, (and the passage was not a very difficult one,) I found thousands of good Union men, who are ready and anxious to return to their allegiance the moment they can do so with safety to themselves and families. They will rally around the old flag by scores whenever our army advances. I could have brought away a thousand with me, who were anxious to come—men whom I found fugitives from their homes, hid in the swamps and forests, where they are hunted like wild beasts by the rebel conscription officers with bloodhounds. Having visited them in their own homes, I have founded my belief upon what I heard and saw there, that the day is not far distant when we shall witness the downfall of the rebellion."

Col. PARSONS followed, in his usual forcible manner. In alluding to a remark which fell from Mr. DAY, respecting the united interests of the Northwest and Southwest, he said, with great emphasis:

"We have come from the West to your assistance; to put down treason. And in like manner we will always come to your relief, when necessary, it matters not whom may further attempt to dismember the Union. When the Mississippi is closed by hands hostile to our National Government, we of the West will open it with our hearts' blood, if needful. Yes, you may always count upon us. Come as we may, but we *will* come. We of Illinois have always looked upon the Mississippi, the Great Father of Waters, as our Father, and the people of the Northwest, together with those of the Southwest, must have it for their great highway of free communication with each other."

Other speeches followed, of great power, from Col. FINKS and others, and interspersed with the patriotic strains by the band of the Forty-seventh Massachusetts. Upon the whole, the manifestations of those two evenings, were such as to fill every loyal heart with joy, and to persuade every secessionist present that the time has come for them to abandon their cause as hopeless in the city of New-Orleans. Never, perhaps since the Crescent City was in existence, certainly not for very many years past, have Liberty and Union found such fearless and emphatic utterance within it.

MAY DAY.

I was present, on the first of May, at one of the most beautiful and interesting celebrations that ever occurred here—the festival of the Madison Girls' School. Pleasing as it was, it might not have been considered of sufficient public importance for mention here, if—in the present condition of New-Orleans—such gatherings did not bear a political significance, and a very deep one.

May Day has been always a time of festive gatherings for the schools here, but their celebrations were, hitherto, held in-doors. On this occasion, the scene selected was the old City Park, some distance out of New-Orleans, the grandest collection of old wide-spreading oaks that ever charmed the eye of painter.

Here the young ladies met, under the care of Miss Warner, their accomplished Principal, crowned the "May Queen" with all due ceremony, and spent the whole day in dancing, music, swinging, and every species of innocent sport, in which they were joined by very many "children of a larger growth" from the city. Capt. WARNER, Commander of the gunboat *Kineo*, had kindly sent there a large quantity of cavans to lay on the grass for dancing, with abundance of ropes for swings, and detailed two or three of his sailors to come and arrange matters for his young friends.

In spite of the beauty and gaiety of the scene, as these graceful young creatures flitted over the green sward, in their light dresses, like a swarm of butterflies, I could not lose sight of the fact that this was a *Union demonstration* among the citizens of New Orleans, and that at least two-thirds of the children present were the offspring of enemies of the United States, either open or concealed. If such a scene appeared extraordinary to a stranger, how much more must it have done so to those old residents present, who could contrast it with the state of things existing so short a time ago.

The fact is that the school authorities have are making strenuous efforts to administer an antidote to the venemous poison of secession, too long corrupting the tender minds of the rising generation, and their efforts are being attended with the greatest success. In every public school it is now a specified regime, that the exercises shall daily commence and close with patriotic hymns, and that the selection of themes for recitations, &c., shall all have the same tendency. Union flags have been raised over every schoolhouse in the first district—the Madison school having the honor of inaugurating the movement—and soon there will not be a single place of education in the city without its emblem of loyalty. By such efforts as these, and by getting these innocent young creatures to mingle frequently with friends, whom they have been cruelly taught to look upon as mortal enemies, their minds become stamped with ideas of truth and genuine love of their country, which no amount of false teaching can hereafter erase.

It was really interesting to watch some little dark-haired Southern beauty innocently romping with her blue-eyed playmate—the daughter of some officer from Maine or Massachusetts—and then to be reminded that the father of the former was a "registered enemy." "Do you see that Louisiana girl laughing with that young officer?" said a gentleman to me—"she has a brother in the rebel army." I looked again, some afterwards, and the charming young couple had twirled off, in earnest conversation. Who thinks that any "North" or "South" was poisoning the current of their sweet thoughts? Keep on your *May Day* festivals, my friends. I saw more in the innocent pastimes of that one day, to undermine and overthrow the satanic rule of JEFF. DAVIS, than if I had seen a whole brigade of his followers annihilated on the battle field.

"REGISTERED ENEMIES."

"In my last I sent you two very important orders just issued by Gen. BANKS,—one of them requiring "registered enemies" to leave this Department on or before the 15th May. Gen. BOWEN has since then published the following:

OFFICE PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL OF LOUISIANA,
NEW-ORLEANS, May 1, 1863.

Notice is hereby given to the registered enemies of the United States within the Department of the Gulf, that in accordance with the order of the Commanding General, they will be required to leave the said Department and go within the lines of the enemy, on or before the 15th day of May instant. Such persons now registered as enemies, but desirous to remain to their allegiance and willing to take the prescribed oath of fidelity and obedience to the United States, have to report which, at headquarters, they will make application for that purpose to this office before the 10th day of May.

JAMES BOWEN, Brig.-Gen., P. M. G.

OFFICE PROVOST-MARSHAL GENERAL,
DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, NO. 20 CARONDELET-STREET, NEW-ORLEANS, May 1, 1863.

I do hereby solemnly and sincerely swear in the presence of Almighty God, that I will bear true allegiance to the Constitution and Government of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic, and that I will bear true and faithful allegiance to, and yield ready obedience to, the military authority of the United States, Commander-in-Chief, Legislature, the military power of the country, and further, that I will well and faithfully perform all the duties that may be required of me, by law, as a true and loyal citizen of the United States. So help me God.

(Signed)

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this —— day of ——, 1863.

You can readily imagine what a darker hue has caused in the ranks of the Secesh. Any one reading the form of oath here required can hardly imagine how any one proposing to a particle of soul or manhood could subscribe to it with any serious pause, and yet, a Secesh told a friend of mine, the other day, when asked, what he was going to do—take the oath, or leave—"Oh, just as all the rest have done; take it *our the left*.

It will be well, however, for these people to be warned in time, and not attempt to get around Gen. BANKS, by laying such willful perjury on their souls. There is not one man who subscribes to that oath but will henceforth find himself under a sort of moral microscope, in the hand of every loyal man in the place. He has studied human nature, yet little who does not know that men of kindly and confiding natures, like Gen. BANKS, are those whose souls revolt most instinctively against anything like willful deception. Therefore, the very leniency of the General's past administration will probably make him sixty ten times more vigilant against offenders; and if he catches one, he may, in severity, be found to out-Butler BUTLER.

It is really quite amusing to spend an hour at the headquarters of Gen. BOWEN. People—principally ladies—are constantly flocking in, to try if there is no possible way of avoiding the dreadful alternative of starvation in Dixie or bowing to the horrible Yankee flag. Some have long, desponding faces—some have a haughty bearing, as if they scorned the very favors they had come to try and get; some, again, vainly appeal to the conscience of the venerable Capt. KIRK, "as a father," while others are vainly waste their bewitching smiles upon that fascinating young officer, Lieut. MILNER BARNS, neither of whom can swerve one inch from the inexorable duty of swearing them in, or banishing them to Dixie.

THE PRISONERS AT ALGIERS.

While the fair ladies and the "chivalry" here should find it so difficult to swallow Gen. BANKS' dose of loyalty, it is far different with the poor fellows who have been taken prisoners, and who have gone through all the horrors of rebel despotism. These are daily flocking over from Algiers by hundreds, to gratefully enrol themselves once more under the good old flag. I met about a dozen of them yesterday on the staircase leading at Gen. BOWEN's. They had just got their "passes" to go back to their disposed families, whom many of them had not seen for a year, and whom they did not know if they should find alive or dead. I wish some of your Northern believers in Southern "unity," and the devotion of the Southern masses to their rulers, would just come here to witness the joy of these poor fellows at their escape, and hear their story of how they were mercilessly dragged from their dependent families, to risk their lives, and murder their brethren in a cause they abhor.

HIGHLY EXCITING NEWS.

We were in the midst of the jubilee about the arrival of Col. GARRARD, when the *Era* brought out an extra with the following stirring paragraphs:

"Admiral PORTER has made a junction with FARRAGUT. PORTER has four iron-clads and several gunboats.

Grand Gulf is captured, with all its guns.

Gen. GRANT is on the east side of the Mississippi River, driving the enemy before him. The rebels lost 400 prisoners and many killed and wounded.

Capt. HOWARD WHITE was murdered yesterday by guerillas, near Washington.

Gen. BANKS and Admiral PORTER are moving on Alexandria."

[The above information is official.]

Besides this the *Era* publishes what is considered an official statement, that a large part of the forces under Gen. HUNTER, and most of the iron clads recently engaged at Charleston, are now on their way to this department. It adds: "We believe that in *twenty days both Mobile and Galveston will be in our possession.*"

So, you see we have plenty to occupy and elate us here. I proceed at once forward and hope to date my next letter from Alexandria, and to tell you that I saw the old flag floating over it. The health of the city continues excellent; everything is bright, and everybody in the best of spirits.

Important News from Opelousas—Great Excitement at the Opera—Important Order from Gen. Banks—The New "Corps d'Afrique."

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, May 8, 1863.

I reopen my letter, on the very eve of my departure, to tell you that the glorious news has reached us from Opelousas, fully confirming the capture of Grand Gulf—over which the Union flag now waves—the splendid successes of Gen. GRANT, and the summary flight of the rebels toward Jackson. The spoils at Grand Gulf were seven large guns, spiked, and all the tents, cooking utensils, and camp equipage of the garrison, which consisted of 1,000 riflemen, and the gunners of the batteries.

As the brigade of Gen. GARRARD, in advance, approached Fort Gibson, they met hundreds of families flying there, as a last refuge, from the interior of Mississippi and the dreadful Illinois cavalry. These poor people must have been terrified indeed when they found themselves jumping from the frying-pan right into the fire.

These fugitives confirm all that we had learnt here of the terrible havoc made throughout the State of Mississippi by the cavalry of Col. GARRARD. They say the damage done is utterly irreparable, in the present condition of the country—locomotives, cars, commissary stores, &c., which they have no possible means of replacing.

Credible rumors are afloat in Opelousas that Port Hudson is *being actually evacuated*; that Gen. DUMONT's division had *really reached Alexandria*, on the Red River, and our whole army were hearing it, with no enemy in front. Before this letter starts northward on its destination, all this will probably be matter of history, and may have reached you in some other direction.

EXCITEMENT AT THE OPERA.

A serious disturbance occurred at the Opera House last night, but fortunately did not terminate as many expected it would. A large and very respectable audience—including many Union families—had met on the occasion of a benefit to a much esteemed and talented young artistic. The performances had gone on most agreeably for about an hour, when a sudden call was made, among the audience in all parts of the house for "Hail Columbia," and simultaneously a number of Union flags were being waved in every direction.

As the outcry continued and kept increasing in force, the players came back and gave the air old song said the most fervent enthusiasm. The performance then proceeded as before—everybody, apparently, quite satisfied—and many frightened ladies, who had risen to follow those who had actually left the house, have returned and resumed their seats.

But, by and by, just after a charming duet had been encored, a cry arose, from some few voices, for the "Star Spangled Banner," followed by still more energetic and vociferous calls for "Yankee Doodle." Upon this Mr. BARNES—a very prominent Unionist here—got up in the parquette, and hoped that, as their wish had once been gratified, they would keep quiet and let the concert go on. Capt. BYLES, the Mayor, also sprang to his feet and said that, as a national air had been played, he would show no further interruption—but his voice was drowned by loud cries of "Yankee Doodle!" We will have Yankee Doodle!" accompanied by sundry cries against the Mayor—(the army kept his quoted)—of "He's a traitor!" "Put him down!" &c.

The affair, at this time, was becoming quite alarming. A large number of military officers were present and, generally, seemed to side with the position taken by the Mayor, who declared he had a sufficient police force to insure order, and would use it if necessary. A Lieutenant of Zouaves here brought the excitement to culmination by walking up to a young man who was persistently waving a flag, snatched it from him, and put it into his bosom, amid jeering cries of "Copperhead," "traitor," &c., to which he made no reply, as he resumed his seat among some other officers near the Mayor.

The whole scene was because as operations as it was disgraceful. Taunts and angry epithets were freely handed about among civilians and officers, while the panic-struck ladies, momentarily expecting a collision, were hurriedly preparing to leave the building. Dr. DOUZIN brought the thing to a sudden close, by calling upon all Unionists to leave the house and let the Copperheads remain, upon which large numbers marched out, amid loud cheers, and considerably thinning the house.

The few who remained seemed to have no further relish for the concert, still less had the performers, and so the whole affair rapidly broke up;—the Mayor and Col. HOFFMAN, Chief of Police, remaining to the last to keep order.

It is quite time that such disgraceful manifestations should cease, for such petty quarrelings are precisely materials out of which grew larger troubles. The Unionists have had abundant cause to feel enraged, at the same time that no law-abiding citizen could countenance such modes of redress as the one just disclosed. They have been constantly exasperated by seeing the flag of their country insulted in the broad face of day—hearing secesh songs poisoning the air from every open window,—meeting, at every street corner, females insolently parading traitor badges on their person, and all this with no further prevention from the authorities than some petty fine from Judge PERSON, amounting more to insult and mockery than satisfaction.

In "chivalric" France—when the allies took possession of Paris—if any Bonapartist lady, no matter how lofty or beautiful, had the impudence to show herself at the opera or on the public streets with the Bonapartist badge about her, a *gens-d'arme* politely tapped her on the shoulder, and called her ladyship to order. Why should we be more kid-gloved and nice about this matter? If even that was not tolerated from women, who imagines that the allies would, for one moment, have permitted men to be hoisting Bonaparte flags, singing Bonaparte songs, and cursing his conquerors in broad day-light?

So much for our side. On the other hand, no private individuals have any right to take the law in their own hands in such matters. Extend the principle, and at every place of innocent amusement, every harmless social gathering, any drunken fool might come in and break up the enjoyment of hundreds of respectable people quite as loyal as himself.

"The daw's not reckoned a religious bird
Because it keeps a cawing from the steeple;"

and so every blatant ass, who chooses, upon any and every occasion, to be braying his spread-eagleism, is not, necessarily, a bit more loyal than his neighbors.

Gen. BANKS is not omnipotent and omnipresent, and, therefore, can hardly be expected, just now, in the midst of his brilliant military career, to be giving to such a question as this the immediate attention it merits. That he will do so when brought to his notice, no one can doubt who knows him. To satisfy the natural and justifiable desires of the loyal, no secesh manifestations whatever—whether in conversation, badges or songs—should be permitted, under the heaviest penalties; and the United States flag should be commanded to be prominently placed over every public building—whether church, theatre or school. This homage once exacted from those whose pride it should be to offer it gratuitously, let him punish any one—Unionist or Secessionist—who dared to commit any act against the public peace of the community.

IMPORTANT NEW ORDER FROM GEN. BANKS.

Gen. BANKS has just issued a new order, (No. 40,) which I inclose and in which you will find the ring of the true metal. In the present condition of things, it is one of the most important that has yet issued from his pen. His purpose is to organize a *Corps d'Armée* of colored troops, to be designated as the "Corps d'Afrique." Are we not rapidly approaching "the beginning of the end?"

The General goes a little out of the way in his pungent and eloquent style, to argue the position he has taken; and it is difficult to see how any opposers can meet his arguments from historic precedent. This is no organization to be considered the mere "scum" of the army. On the contrary, he "desires to detail, for temporary or permanent duty, the *best officers* of the army for the organization, instruction and discipline of the corps. With their aid, he is confident that the corps will render important service to the Government."

To quiet the fastidious qualms of those who fear that negroes are going to marry our sisters and daughters, if we permit them to take their share in defence of a Government in which they have an interest at stake, he tells us what any body but Copperheads can understand:

"It is not established upon any dogma of equality or other theory, but as a practical and sensible matter of business. The Government makes use of mules, horses, unmounted and dismounted white men, in the defence of its institutions. Why should not the negro contribute whatever is in his power for the cause in which he is as deeply interested as other men? We may properly demand from him whatever service he can render."

If any one has a lingering doubt of Gen. BANKS' sagacity, or earnestness, in this struggle, it is to be assumed this last order will dissolve them; if the last month or two of his glorious career had not done so already. That this order did not come out before, is only another proof of his patience and foresight. The fruit was too green before; it is now fully ripe for plucking. No one but those who have had a peep into the inner life of our armies can comprehend the huge mass of tenacious prejudices, Copperhead influences, and dainty "West-Pointism," which the Commanding General of this Department had to overthrow, before he determined on this memorable Order. No one but those who are aware of the unaccountable absurdities still pervading the minds of many officers and soldiers, upon this negro question, can thoroughly appreciate the deep significance of the following passage:

"Officers and soldiers will consider the exigencies of the service in this Department, and the absolute necessity of appropriating every element of power to the support of the Government."

NEMO.

CORPS D'AFRIQUE.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
NINETEENTH ARMY-CORPS,
OPELOUSAS, May 1, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 40.—The Major-General commanding the Department proposes the organization of a Corps d'Afrique of colored troops to be designated as the "Corps d'Afrique." It will consist ultimately of eighteen regiments, four of which shall be infantry, artillery, cavalry—making also brigades of two regiments each, and three divisions of three brigades each, with appropriate corps of engineers, and flying hospitals for each division. Appropriate uniforms, and the graduation of pay to correspond with the value of services, will be hereafter awarded. In the field, the efficiency of every corps depends upon the influence of its officers upon the troops engaged, and the practical benefits of an efficient military organization are generally estimated at 50 per cent. The most eminent military historians and commanders, among others Turenne and Chambrun, express the opinion upon a full review of the elements of military power, that the valor of the soldier is rather acquired than natural. Nations whose individual heroism is undisputed, have failed as soldiers in the field. The European and American continents exhibit instances of this character, and the military process of every nation may be estimated by the centuries it has devoted to military concern, or the traditional passion of its people for military glory. With a race unaccustomed to military service, much more depends on the immediate influence of officers upon individual members, than with those that have acquired more or less of warlike habits and spirit by centuries of other pursuits. It is deemed best, therefore, in the organization of the Corps d'Afrique, to limit the regiment to the smallest number of men consistent with efficient service in the field, in order to secure the most thorough instruction and discipline, and the largest influence of the officers over the troops. At first they will be limited to five hundred men. The average of American regiments is less than that number.

The Commanding General desires to detail for temporary or permanent duty the best officers of the army for the organization, instruction and discipline of the corps. With their aid, he is confident that the troops will render important service to the Government. It is not established upon any dogma of equality or other theory, but as a practical and sensible matter of business. The Government makes use of mules, horses, unmounted and dismounted white men, in the defence of its institutions. Why should not the negro contribute whatever is in his power for the cause in which he is as deeply interested as other men? We may properly demand from him whatever service he can render.

Officers and soldiers will consider the exigencies of the service in this Department, and the absolute necessity of appropriating every element of power to the support of the Government. The prejudices or opinions of men are in no wise involved.

By command of Maj.-Gen. BANKS.
RICHARD B. LEWIS, A. A. General.

THE GREAT RAID IN MISSISSIPPI.

A Detailed Narrative of the Exploits of Our Cavalry.

In obedience to orders of Col. B. H. GRIERSON, commanding the First cavalry brigade, Col. EDWARD PARSONS moved with his regiment, the Seventh Illinois cavalry volunteers—343 officers and men—from La Grange, Tenn., at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 17th of April, 1863, on the Ripley road, and camped on the plantation of Dr. BUZZ, four miles northwest of Ripley, Miss.—distance about 20 miles.

The order of march for this day was to be as follows: Sixth Illinois in advance, Lieut.-Col. REUBEN LOCKE, commanding; followed by Seventh Illinois and Second Iowa; but the Sixth Illinois taking the wrong road near Lagrange, was thrown to the west, and did not rejoin the command till near camp. As the Seventh Illinois was just going into camp, Col. PARSONS discovered a party of five or six rebels crossing a field, and immediately sent a party in pursuit, who captured three of the number.

On the 18th—the Seventh Illinois moving in advance—they left camp at 8 o'clock, passing through Ripley, and moved South towards New Albany. Our detachment was detailed under command of Capt. GRAHAM, who took the direct road to that place, where they arrived in time to save the bridge across the Tallahatchie and drive away a picket endeavoring to destroy it. They repaired the bridge and crossed into town. The rest of the command crossed three miles east of New Albany, and arrived in town at 5½ P. M., whence the command—Sixth and Seventh Illinois—moved South, and camped on Mr. STEAR's plantation, four miles South of New-Albany.

At Ripley, Miss., Col. HAWK, in command of the Second Iowa, had been detached to move eastwardly, and thence southwardly, to cross the Tallahatchie some five miles above New-Albany, with a view of rejoining the brigade some five or six miles below New-Albany, which Col. HAWK accomplished the following day with good success. On this day, the 18th, the advance of the Seventh Illinois captured four prisoners—two of BREZEE's and two of WEBSTER's command.

On the morning of the 19th two companies were sent, under command of Capt. TEAFORD, back to the Tallahatchie, and he drove a force out of New-Albany, and joined the command at 10 A. M. Col. PARSONS also sent two companies to the right, to look after Capt. WEBSTER's company of cavalry, but the latter had retired during the night. This detachment, however, captured three prisoners from Maj. GRAHAM's command, and destroyed some camp and garrison equipage. Two companies were also sent to the left, to look after some horses said to be hid in the woods; and they returned at 10 o'clock, with very good success. The command left camp at 10 o'clock, and passed through Pontotoc at 4 o'clock P. M. They encamped on the estate of Mr. WEBSTER, eight miles south of Pontotoc. The distance marched on the 18th and 19th was about 30 miles. On the 19th the Sixth Illinois marched in advance, and at Pontotoc killed a rebel who persistently continued to fire upon the advance. His name was REID.

20th.—They left camp at 4 o'clock A. M. Sixty men and a number of lead horses, in charge of Lieut. WILE, were sent back to La Grange. About the same number were sent back from the other regiments, all under command of Maj. LOVE, of the Second Iowa. They encamped at Clear Springs, Miss., having passed around Houston—the Second Iowa in advance. The distance marched was about 40 miles.

21st.—They left camp at daylight, the Seventh Illinois in advance. Col. HAWK and the Second Iowa turned eastward from Clear Springs, with orders to proceed toward Columbus and destroy the Mobile and Ohio Railroad as much as possible. The gallant Colonel has unfortunately not been heard of since, except through the Memphis *Appeal*, which says that near Okolona he was met by a large Confederate force, was himself seriously wounded and lost fifteen men. The remainder, it is to be hoped, got safely back to La Grange. It rained all day on the 21st. The two Illinois regiments passed through Starkville, and camped eight miles south of that place. Distance *traveled this day, 45 miles.*

22d.—They marched by daylight. Capt. FEARON, of Company C, Seventh Illinois, was detached 10 miles south of Starkville, to proceed to Macon, on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, to break up the rails, destroy the wires, and do all the damage in his power to the enemy's transportation.

From the time the command left Starkville, Colo. GRIERSON and PARSONS, in consultation, felt thoroughly convinced that it was of the utmost importance that the railroad—or, at all events, the telegraph—should be interrupted between Okolona and Macon, as near

Continued on Eighth Page.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION ...SATURDAY, May 16, 1863.

Present—William Walsh, President; Aldermen Fox, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Fromont, Farley, Long.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

PRICE TWENTY CENTS

By Alderman Boole—

Bill of Jonas Wood, for services, amounting to the sum of seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Fromont—

Petition of D. M. Blake, to be paid for damage done his building by Hose Company number Thirteen.

Which was referred to Comptroller.

By Alderman Masterson—

Bill of George W. Rouse, for refreshments, &c., furnished Guard of Honor for the body of Colonel Ellsworth.

Which was laid over.

Alderman Boole, in connection with his above petition, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of George W. Rouse, for the sum of three hundred and forty-five dollars, in full for refreshments furnished the Guard of Honor, &c., on the occasion of the funeral of Colonel Ringgold, of the One Hundred and Third regiment, and charge the same to the appropriation account.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Boole—

Bill of R. Conkling for the carriage furnished for the reception of _____, amounting to three hundred and forty-four dollars.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Bill of F. Hodenrudch for music furnished the reception of General Michael Corcoran, amounting to sixty-five dollars.

Which was laid over.

By the same—

Bill of Charles Devlin to have the street cleaning contract transferred to him.

Which was referred to Select Committee having the matter of the street cleaning contract in charge.

By Alderman Farley—

Remonstrance of owners of property on both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between the Fourth and Fifth avenues, against having the street paved.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Reed—

Whereas, George Badger, Foreman of Engine Company number Seven, while in the faithful discharge of his duties as a fireman at the disastrous fire in Cherry-street, on the thirty-first of February last, experienced such injuries that he died in consequence thereof, leaving a wife and children to deplore the loss of a kind husband and affectionate father; and

Whereas, the Common Council has in such cases extended to the destitute family of the deceased assistance from the public treasury, therefore

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he hereby is directed to draw his warrant in favor of Mr. Jacob Badger for the sum of two hundred and two thousand five hundred dollars, and to charge the same to the account of donations.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Whereas, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, by a resolution of the Common Council, duly approved by the Mayor, the Street Commissioner was authorized and directed to advertise for proposals to erect a new house for American Hose Company number Forty-eight, and said resolution not having been complied with, therefore

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to immediately advertise for proposals and contract for the erection of a new house for American Hose Company number Forty-eight, in accordance with resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen November fifteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty; Councilmen November twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and approved by the Mayor November twenty-six, one thousand eight hundred and sixty—the said house to be erected on the lot which has been purchased by the Comptroller for that purpose on Eighty-fifth street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, and to be similar in all respects to the house now occupied by Hose Company number Twenty-nine.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Eighty-first-street, from Second-avenue to within seventy feet of Third-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the cobble-stone pavement in Thirty-seventh-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, be repaired under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Hall—

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Mrs. Mary Robinson to keep a fruit stand on Madison-street, at the corner of Catherine-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Boole—

Resolved, That the Board of Councilmen be and they are hereby respectfully requested to return to this Board of Aldermen a report of the Committee on Fire Department, in favor of directing the Street Commissioner to advertise for proposals and contract for new engine for Engine Company number Forty-four; therefore, together with all papers connected therewith, to the end that an amendment may be made to make the paper legal, may be made in this Board.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Long—

Whereas, Through the failure of the assignee of the contractor for street cleaning, and also of his sureties, to clean the streets of our City, which now are in a dangerously unclean condition, the City Inspector is proceeding to perform the work himself at the expense of his sureties in accordance with section ten of the contract; therefore,

Resolved, That the City Inspector be directed—as the bills for the work are presented—to demand payment thereof from the sureties on the contract, and in case of refusal or neglect to pay, that the City Inspector take the necessary steps to institute legal proceedings against such sureties for the amount of such bills; and that until they are collected, the Comptroller be directed to advance the amount required for the relief of the laborers from the funds appropriated for the purpose of street cleaning.

Which was adopted.

Subsequently reconsidered, and adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Ottiwell, Fromont, Long—13.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Jones-street, from Fourth to Bleecker streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer on One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Fifty-fourth-street, from Eighth to Ninth avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Broadway, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Washington-street, from Horatio-street to Gansevoort-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Eightieth street, from Second-avenue to within seventy feet of Third-avenue.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Fiftieth-street, between Fourth and Lexington avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Cannon-street, from Rivington to Stanton-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence vacant lots on the north side of Fourteenth-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Streets presented a report to lay sidewalk in Ludlow-street, opposite the County Jail.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to pay Charles Lessinger, Jr., damage done his property by fire.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to pay P. McGuire for loss of horse.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Finance presented a report to devote a corner of Fifth-street, to enable them to pay taxes.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Fire Department presented a report to give Hose Company number Twenty-six a steam fire engine.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Boole moved that the Committee on Finance be discharged from the further consideration of communication from the Comptroller, with statement of the amount awarded for damages and expenses for benefits on account of the extension of the Central Park, with an ordinance to provide means for extending the area of the Central Park.

Which was laid over.

MESSAGE FROM HIS HONOR THE MAYOR.

The following message was received from His Honor the Mayor, returning unapproved a resolution directing the Comptroller to sell the ferry leases from James-slip to Bridge-street and South Sixth-street, Brooklyn:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, May 15, 1863.

To the Honorable the Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:

I return, without my approval, the accompanying resolution directing the Comptroller "to advertise and sell at public auction a lease for a ferry on ferries from the slip or basin between Piers thirty-two and thirty-three, East River, New York, (foot of Oliver-street and James slip) and the slip foot of Bridge-street, Brooklyn. And also for a lease of a ferry from said slip or basin between Piers thirty-two and thirty-three, East River, New-York, to the foot of Beach Street, Brooklyn, Eastern District, or such point adjacent thereto as hereinafter provided, for the term of ten years from the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and the parties purchasing such ferry lease or leases at such sale shall procure, at their own risk and expense, the slips herein designated," &c.

There are three ferries already established within a few hundred feet of this locality, from which eight boats, I am informed, are constantly running. The convenience of the public, therefore, does not appear to require the proposed additional ferry. On the other hand, it is evident that an increase of the number of boats, especially as some of these to be run under the proposed lease must cross the track of the other eight boats, would greatly add to the danger of life and property from collision, and increase the difficulty of the navigation of that part of the East River. During the last year, as I am informed, a ferry boat was run in this part of the East River from collision with one of the L. or Island Sound steamboats, and again from collision with a ferry boat from the Delancy-street Ferry.

Aside this increase of danger, which should be avoided, there is another consideration which should have weight in determining as to the establishment of a new ferry at the place in question. The shipping of the port does not, at that part of the East River, the accompanying plan of which is before me, occupy the space which it does at other points. A portion of the two good piers, with the basin and bridge, and the space between them, is occupied by the proposed ferry, which would thus materially lessen the facilities for shipping already small. The convenience of shipping interest which have built up our City, are entitled to be duly observed in these matters.

Your recorded resolution provides that "at any time prior to the third first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and thereafter, until such ferries are put into operation, under and in pursuance of such sale, William Marvin, John G. Bell, and their associates, or their assignees, are hereby authorized to erect the necessary racks, bridges, ferry-houses, and so forth, in said slips, (providing, however, they shall lease or procure the use of said slips at their own cost and expense,) and establish and run suitable ferry-boats for the accommodation of the public, and charge the usual ferriage thereon, and the ferry-landing thus secured and established in Brooklyn, Eastern District, shall extend into the slip or landing in said district contemplated in this resolution."

This leaves it to be to be in contravention of the fourth first section of the Charter, which provides that "all ferries, docks, piers and slips shall be leased, and all lands and rates of public property and franchises shall be sold by public auction, and to the highest bidder, who will give adequate security." The part of your resolution last above cited seems to confer on William Marvin, John G. Bell, and their associates, or their assignees, without compensation to the City, and without a sale at public auction, or the equivalent of any security, the right to run a ferry at the localities specified, and for a period extending from the present time until the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and thereafter until the ferries first provided for in the resolution shall be put in operation, should that be done, the grant to Mr. Marvin and his associates or assigns would be practically in perpetuity.

This seems to me not only clearly illegal but unwisely injudicious, and I am, therefore, obliged to withhold my sanction from it.

GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor.

Which was received and directed to be printed at length in the minutes, and laid upon the table ten days.

A message was received from His Honor, the Mayor, relative to powder magazines within the City limits, and recommending the repeal of all ordinances permitting the same.

Which was received and referred to the Committee on Ordinances.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF CONCILMEN.

Resolved, that the Street Commissioner be directed to make the necessary alterations in the house of Hose Company number Twenty-six, at an expense not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars.

Which was laid over.

Preamble with resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals to repair the engine of Boston Company number Twenty-nine.

Which was received and referred to the Fire Department.

Treasurer returned to the death of Councilman John Hogan, with resolution: First, that the Common Council has heard with deep regret of the decease of their late associate, John Hogan, whose virtues had endeared him to many hearts, and while thus giving feeble expression to their own sorrow, would tender to the family and friends of deceased, the sympathy of which they stand so much in need. Second, that as a mark of respect to the memory of deceased, the Common Council will attend his funeral in a body. Third, that a Committee of Three from each Board be appointed to make the arrangements of the funeral. Fourth, that the preamble and resolution, suitably engrossed, be transmitted to the family of deceased.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be given to Frederick Ecke to place a small stand for the sale of number twenty-five Continental cigars, he having obtained permission of the property holders.

Which was concurred in.

Alderman Hardy was then called to the chair.

Resolution that permission be given to Folsom & Kellando to receive and deliver goods in front of their premises, number one hundred and seven Pearl-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that the Street Commissioner be requested to remove the two gas lamps placed in front of the building known as numbers two hundred and forty-four and two hundred and forty-six Fifth-street.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that two gas lamps be placed in front of numbers two hundred and forty-one and two hundred and seventy-nine Ninth-street, used by the Congregation Communante Israelite Française.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Oscar F. Chouteau, of number one hundred and forty-five Prince-street, to use the sidewalk in front of his premises to receive and deliver goods, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed to cause crosswalk to be laid from the northeast corner of Rose Market, to Ludlow-street, to the west side of Ludlow-street.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution, that the carriage way of Eleventh-street, from Fifty-ninth to Fifty-ninth street be repaired, under the direction of the Street Commissioners.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolved that permission be given to John Flynn to place a watering trough in front of his premises, number seventy-four Sixth-avenue, the same to be under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that croton main be laid in Fifteenth-street, from Avenue A to East River, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

(By Board of Councilmen, referred to Croton Aqueduct Department with power.)

Which was referred to Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

Subsequently rescinded and concurred in.

Resolved, That the crosswalks in First and Second avenues, and intersecting streets, between Fourteenth and Twenty-sixth streets, be repaired forthwith, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

(By Board of Councilmen—Referred to the Croton Aqueduct Board, with power.)

Which was concurred in.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Henry, Hall, McCool, Reed, Chipp, Ryers, Ottiwell—8.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Jeremiah, Hardy, Boole, Masterson, Fromont, Farley, Long—9.

SPECIAL ORDER.

Alderman Fromont moved that the Board proceed to the consideration of the special order, viz: the report of the Committee on National Affairs, asking instructions relative to the reception of regiments returning from the seat of war.

Which was carried.

The report having been read,

Alderman Fromont presented the following resolution, viz:

By Alderman Fromont—

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs of the Common Council be and are hereby authorized to use their influence and take the necessary steps to give each one of the returning regiments of the Army from the seat of war a military reception. The Common Council to be responsible for the payment of the bills for the music required on such occasions, and that the sum of _____ dollars be and hereby is appropriated for that purpose.

Alderman Farley offers the following as a substitute for the above resolution:

Resolved, That if the Board of Councilmen concur, a Special Committee of three from each Board be appointed to entertain each and all the regiments belonging to the City of New-York at the Park Barracks, on their return to this City, at a cost not to exceed the sum of _____ dollars.

Alderman Masterson moved that the blank in the resolution be filled by inserting the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars.

Which was accepted by Alderman Farley.

Alderman Masterson moved that the resolution be amended by striking out the words "a Special Committee of three from each," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Committee on National Affairs."

Which was accepted by Alderman Farley.

And the whole subject was laid over.

Alderman Fromont thereupon offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Common Council are in an special manner due, and we hereby cordially tender them, on behalf of the citizens of the City of New-York, to the officers and men comprising the returned and returning regiments of two years' volunteers, from this City, for the bravery exhibited by them on all occasions when their services were required, and for their patriotism in volunteering to defend the integrity of the nation.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolution be engrossed, and duly authenticated, and transmitted to each of the two peace resolutions from this City.

Alderman Jeremiah demanding a division of the question,

The question was taken on the first resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

Alderman Farley moved that the second resolution be be laid over.

Which was carried.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

By Alderman Boole—

Resolved, That permission be, and is hereby granted to John Palmer to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number three hundred and ninety Third-avenue; the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

Alderman Hall moved that the Board now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Monday, the eighteenth instant, at five o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange ...May 16, 1863.

$20,000 U. S. 6s, '71 Cou.	107¾	10 N. Y. Cen. R.	126⅞
1,000 U. S. 6s, '71 Reg.	97	200 do	126⅞
10,000 U. S. 6s, '74 Reg.	98	2000 do	126
10,000 do	98⅛	100 Erie R. Pref.	89
5,000 Treas. 1-2-10 Ds.	93⅛	200 do	89⅛
Notes—Oct & April.	101⅛	400 do	89⅛
12,000 do	101	50 do	89⅞
1,000 do—Small.	101	100 Hudson R. R.	126⅞
6,000 U. S. 6s, 1 y. c. New.	99⅞	100 do	132
20,000 do	99⅞	50 do	119
25,000 Ohio State 6s, '81	113	100 do	119⅞
2,000 Ind. St. 5s, War L.	99	100 do	120
11,000 Tenn. State 6s, '90	60	200 do	120⅞
2,000 do	60	200 do	119
10,000 do	60⅞	500 do	120
22,000 do	60⅞	100 do	120
124,000 Mo. St. 6s	72	200 do	120
2,000 do	70	50 do	120
2,000 do	69⅞	100 do	120
2,000 do	69⅞	1000 Harlem R.	101
2,000 do	69⅞	1300 do	101
10,000 do	69⅞	200 do	101⅞
1,000 Cal. State 7s	102	200 do	101⅞
6,000 Mich. 5s, 2 M.	86⅞	100 do	101⅞
1,000 E. 1st M. B.	114⅞	200 do	101
3,000 Erie 5th M. B.	110⅞	100 do	100
10,000 Hud. R. 3d m.	114	100 do	100
4,000 Buf., N. Y. & E. 1st m.	111⅞	200 do	102
12,000 M. So. 2d M.	103	100 do	102⅞
5,000 do	103⅞	100 Harlem R. Pref.	116
3,000 Pacific R. S. 1s	90	200 do	116
10,000 Alb. & T. H. 2d M. Pr.	93	300 do	117
5,000 do	93⅞	300 do	119
12,000 Alb. & T. H. In B.	90	17 Second-av. R.	70
2,000 Chic. & N. W. 1 S.	94⅞	20 Nor. & Wor. R.	37
10,000 C. & N. W. 1 M.	93	200 Reading R.	116
20,000 do	94	700 do	115⅞
40,000 Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	70	100 do	120⅞
5,000 do	139 71	200 do	120⅞
15,000 Tol. & W. 2d M.	93	1400 do	115
1,000 Tol. & W. 1st M.	106	400 do	114⅞

SECOND BOARD.

$10,000 Treas. 1-2-10 Ds.		4000 Harlem R.	101
Notes Oct. & April.	101⅞	100 do	101⅞
6,000 U. S. 6s, 1 y. c. New.	102	100 do	102⅞
115,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90	60	100 do	102⅞
20,000 Mo. State 6s	70	300 do	114⅞
10,000 do	69⅞	100 do	114⅞
5,000 do	69⅞	100 Mich. Cen. R.	126
2,000 do	69⅞	100 do	126
5,000 do	69⅞	100 M. S. & N. I. R.	89⅞
10,000 C. & N. W. 1 M.	71	200 do	89⅞
6,000 E. 2d M. B.	83	500 M. S. & N. I. R.	90
25,000 Amer. Gold	150	1000 do	90⅞
5,000 do	150	100 do	90⅞
100 Metropolitan Bank	114	100 do	90⅞
100 Continental Bank	101	100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	89
50 do	100⅞	1000 do	89
50 Commerce Nat. Bank	103	50 Ill. Cen. R.	109
20 Atlantic Bank	75	100 do	109
5 Park Bank	135	100 do	109⅞
25,000 Amer. Gold	149⅞	100 do	109⅞
2,000 do	149⅞	200 do	109⅞
2,000 do	149⅞	200 do	109⅞
100 Chem. Bank	112	100 Clev. & Pitts. R.	97⅞
100 do	112	100 do	97⅞
100 do	112	100 do	97⅞
100 do	112	100 do

DRY GOODS.

POPULAR GOODS.

ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
ROMAN SCARFS.
AT UNION ADAMS',
NO. 637 BROADWAY.

SHADES.

SHADES OF EVERY VARIETY AND MATERIAL.
We are paying particular attention to the manufacture and putting up of all kinds of Shades.
Practical and superior upholsters employed only.
GOLD,
PAINTED,
BUFF HOLLAND,
WHITE, GREEN, AND OTHER COLORED
HOLLAND SHADES,
which we bring without doubt, at prices
LOW PRICES.
HOLLANDS BY THE YARD.
SHADE FIXTURES OF EVERY KIND.
PATON & CO., No. 341 BROADWAY.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,
UNRIVALED
IN MANUFACTURE,
FITTING AND MATERIAL,
AT UNION ADAMS',
NO. 637 BROADWAY.

RETAIL.

PATON & CO., NO. 341 BROADWAY,
SHIRTING LINENS, from auction.
LINEN SHEETINGS, reduced.
TABLE DAMASK, new, all widths.
TOWELLINGS, by dozen or yard.
TABLE CLOTHS, all sizes, and entirely new.
DOYLIES, white and colored.
NAPKINS, superior assortment.
WINE CLOTHS,
PIANO COVERS, } embroidered and printed.
TABLE COVERS,
and every kind of Dry Goods for housekeeping purposes.
The stock new, cheap, and every way the largest and best assorted in the City.

FASHIONABLE MANTILLAS.

CHOICE PARIS SHAPES, IN GREAT VARIETY.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Also at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

CARPETINGS AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Large assortment, at low prices.
LORD & TAYLOR, Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.

MOURNING DEPARTMENT.

BOMBAZINES, DELAINES, ALPACAS,
BLACK SILKS, CREPES, GRENADINES, TISSUES,
&c., &c., for mourning and part mourning. Also, a full assortment of
WHITE GOODS.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway.
Also at stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

HOSIERY, GLOVES AND PARASOLS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT FOR SUMMER.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

NEWEST PATTERNS AND SHAPES
FOR SUMMER.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

BRAIDED ROBES, MOZAMBIQUES,

PERCALES, JACONETS, BAREGES,
GRENADINES, TISSUES, and
FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY KIND, FOR SUMMER WEAR.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway.
Also at Stores
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

LACE CURTAINS.

SPRING IMPORTATION.
Lace Curtains, in every variety of grade and pattern, just received and now exhibiting.
CHEAP
and reliable in price.
Large assortment of very elegant designs intended exclusively for our retail trade.
NOTTINGHAM LACES, by piece or Curtains.
The largest and most desirable stock in the City.
Cornices, Cornices, Trimmings, Furniture Coverings.
PATON & CO., No. 341 BROADWAY.

BLACK LACE MANTILLAS
AND SHAWLS.
Mantillas—Mantillas from $8 and upward, warranted at less than half prices.
Black Fisher Lace Flouncings, $1, $1 25, $1 50 and $2 per yard, warranted at less than half prices.
Black Thread Lace Veils from $2 50 and upward.
Black Tarred Guipure and French Lace Flouncings.
Valenciennes Laces from 1c. per yard and upward.
Real Point Lace Collars, Sets, Barbes and Collarettes.
Thread, Guipure and Valenciennes Lace Collars and Sets.
Valenciennes Lace Handkerchiefs from 25 and upward.
Embroidered Collars, Sets and Handkerchiefs.
Watch Pocketings, Edgings and Insertings.
Point and Gauze Needle Work in every description.
Silk Embroidered Gauze for Silk Mantillas.
Together with a full assortment in every article of Rich Lace and Paris Embroideries, all of which we offer at a large
REDUCTION IN PRICES.
E. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 70 Broadway.

COATS' COTTON.

Warranted genuine, 4,000 dozen at 8 cents a spool.
CLARK'S (COLORED) COTTON,
200 dozen at 6 cents.
Skirt Braids, widest, 6 yards at 5 cents.
Plain Trimming Braids, 6 yards, pieces, all colors, at 7 cents.
Best Needles, 4 cents; best Spool Silk, all colors, two for three cents.
All small wares at equally low prices.
A full assortment of
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.,
Cheap at
R. McINTYRE'S,
New Store, No. 115 9th-st.,
Between 5th and 6th-avs.

SILKS! SILKS! SILKS!

GOOD BLACK SILKS AT 62c.
OIL BOILED do. do. 67
YARD WIDE do. do., $1 00.
All widths of PARIS TAFFETAS, GROS GRAIN, and GROS DE RHINE SILKS just received
FOR MANTILLAS.
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, fashionable shades.
W. R. FETTON,
No. 374 Bowery.

AT LEGRAIN'S,
No. 730 Broadway,
OPENING OF NEW GOODS,
STYLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION,
MORE ESPECIALLY
PRINTED FOULARDS ALL SILK,
At 87½c.; worth $1 25.
PRINTED JACONETS,

DRY GOODS.

FAMILY DRY GOODS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Are offering at reduced
Prices from last week of
LINEN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
TABLE CLOTHS,
TABLE DAMASKS,
NAPKINS,
TOWELINGS,
QUILTS,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS, &c., &c.
Also
The best makes of Cotton
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS.
CANAL-STREET, corner of Mercer.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Will offer their usual
SPRING IMPORTATION OF
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
DRESS GOODS,
AT RETAIL,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
On MONDAY, May 18.
CANAL-STREET, corner of Mercer.

FRENCH MUSLINS.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Have just received
A Full Stock of
FRENCH CAMBRIC,
NAINSOOK, and
ORGANDY MUSLINS,
BAREGES, &c., &c.,
Suitable for Dresses.
Also,
WHITE ORGANDIES,
Embroidered in Colors,
Suitable for Evening Dresses.
CANAL-STREET, corner of Mercer.

FURNITURE COVERINGS
AT COST.
WIDE FRENCH BROCATELS,
At $6 per yard.
COTELLINES, SATINS AND BROCADES,
At Old Prices.
ALSO A FULL LINE OF
HAIR-CLOTHS, ALL WIDTHS,
WOOL and UNION DEPS,
PEKIN and TERRY CLOTHS,
WORSTED DAMASKS and LASTINGS,
AND EVERY STYLE OF
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
At Correspondingly Low Figures.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 730 Broadway.

WINDOW SHADES. NO. 556 BROADWAY.
GOLD SHADES KELTY'S.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
BUFF, GREEN AND BLUE HOLLANDS.
WHITE AND BUFF HOLLANDS.
ALL STYLES FIXTURES.
Sole agent for
BRAY'S SPRING FIXTURE,
Best in use.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.
Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the recent important advances, we still continue to offer our entire stock of new Spring styles at less than importers' and manufacturers' prices.
Call early if you want
CHOICE STYLES AT A BARGAIN.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 646 Broadway, near Grand-st.

GREAT EXCITEMENT
4 to 5,000 DOZEN BLACK AND COLORED JOUVIN
KID GLOVES,
Elegantly Embroidered in White, Magenta and California, which I guarantee to sell less than any other Importer in the United States.
GEORGE B. ENGLISH,
No. 11 Wall-st.

STRANG, ADDRIANCE & CO.,
NO. 736 BROADWAY,
Will offer at Retail,
On MONDAY, 18th inst.,
A large assortment of
SILKS,
purchased at AUCTION, at a great sacrifice on cost of importation,
VIZ.:
Printed Foulards in Black and Drab Grounds, in Chints Colors—very desirable.
Plain Colored Taffetas, in all colors.
Check and Stripe Silks, from 56c. up.
ALSO,
Black Grograin and Taffeta Silks, of the best make ever imported.
ALSO,
Shawls in great variety, consisting of Pale Bordered Paisley and Grenadine, just received by last steamer.

MANTILLAS, MANTILLAS.

FOR THIS WEEK'S TRADE,
We will exhibit
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STOCK
OF
RICH MANTILLAS
TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.
Also,
A SUPERB ASSORTMENT
OF CLOTH GARMENTS,
AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.
W. R. FETTON,
(Cloak and Mantilla Manufacturer,)
No. 374 Bowery.

HOUSEKEEPING AND DOMESTIC GOODS.

FOR THIS WEEK'S TRADE.
We will open
DOMESTIC GOODS
at lower prices than have been offered since the breaking out of the rebellion.
¾ Shirtings, (bleached,) at 16c., one quality, and all the better grades, in yard-wide goods, equally cheap.
Best American Prints, spring colors, 12c. and 15c.
FROM AUCTION, VERY CHEAP.
LINEN DAMASK, TOWELS, QUILTS,
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SHEETINGS, AND
TABLE COVERS.
W. R. FETTON,
No. 374 Bowery, near Houston-st.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

GRENADINE SHAWLS, black and colored.
STRIPED BROCHE SHAWLS, from $3 upward.
PRINCESS ALICE FRINGE SHAWLS.
ALL WOOL SHAWLS, plain and colored.
MOZAMBIQUE SHAWLS.
PARIS CHALLIE SHAWLS.
MOURNING SHAWLS.
WE ARE OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SHAWLS THIS WEEK.
W. R. FETTON,
No. 374 Bowery.

SPRING MANTILLAS.
WE OFFER AT RETAIL AT REDUCED PRICES,
CLOTH SACKS AND CIRCULARS,
SILK CIRCULARS AND MANTLES,
SILK JACQUES WITH GUIPURE LACE,
LACE POINTS AND BURNOUS,
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SACKS.
E. S. MILLS & CO.,
(NO. 261 BROADWAY.)

AT PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY,
Kinder Children's Cloaks, Dresses, Blankets, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, &c., &c.; Ladies' Embroidered Chemises, Gowns, Skirts; Ladies' Linen Undergarments, Handkerchiefs, &c. Initials and coats-of-arms on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-linen. Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made. Stamping for embroidery and braiding executed. Pleating for dresses, mantlings, lace done.

DRY GOODS.

AT KINNEY'S,
EIGHTH AVENUE
CHEAP STORE.
BARGAINS THIS WEEK.
EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT.
Hemstitched Hand Kerchiefs, 12c., 25c., 33c.
Fine Hemstitched do. do. 25c., 33c., 50c.
Linen Cambric Hemstitched do. do. 25c., 33c.
Also COLORED BORDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, &c., &c., &c.
NEEDLEWORK COLLARS, 12c., 20c., 25c.
NEEDLEWORK COLLARS, 31c., 37c., 50c.
NEEDLEWORK SETS, 12c., 18c., 25c.
FINE LINEN COLLARS, 40c., 50c., 65c.
FINE REAL LACE COLLARS, 50c., 75c., 88c.
FRENCH EMBROIDERY, 6c., 8c., 10c. per yard.
BONNET RIBBONS, 6c., 10c., 12c. per yard.
BONNET RIBBONS, 12c., 18c., 25c. per yard.
FLOWERS, 25c., 37c., 50c. per spray.
STRAW FLOWERS, 6c., 8c. per spray.
TARLETON AND ILLUSIONS, 6c. up.
BLOND LACES, 12c., 25c., 38c. per yard.
BONNET CRAPES, 25c. per yard, up.
EXTRA W. GREN CRAPES, 37c. per yard.
KINZEY SELLS 75c.
WHITE LINEN AND STRAW BONNETS ON MONDAY,
AT LESS THAN JOBBERS PRICES.
KELLY STRAW BONNETS ON MONDAY.
BONNETS, DUNSTABLES,
BONNETS, CHINA TERRIS,
NEAPOLITAN BONNETS, TUSCANS,
BONNETS, ROUGH AND READY,
BONNETS, LEGHORN,
FRENCH HAIR, CHIPPIES,
BONNETS, SATIN BRAIDS,
BONNETS, CANTON BRAIDS.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 18c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 25c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 37c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 50c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 62c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 75c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, 87c.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $1 00.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $1 25.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $1 50.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $2 00.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $2 25.
KINZEY SELLS STRAW BONNETS, $2 50.
KINZEY HAS EVERY ARTICLE ADVERTISED.
KINZEY SELLS ALL THE PRICES ADVERTISED.
OPENING 1,000 BLOOMERS, 75c., 87c., $1 00, $1 25.
OPENING 2,000 BLOOMERS, 12½c., 25c., 37c., 50c.
OPENING 2,000 SHAKER HOODS, 25c.
SUN UMBRELLAS.
PARASOLS, 75c., 87c., $1 00, $1 50, $2.
10,000 LINEN SILK SHIRTS, 31c., 37c., 50c., 62c., under price.
100 FINE SANDAL-WOOD FANS, 62c., 75c.
HOSIERY FROM AUCTION.
HOSIERY FROM 6c. PER PAIR UP.
LADIES' FINE LISLE HOSE, 25c. PER PAIR.
GLOVES FROM AUCTION, 6c. PER PAIR UP.
FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.
BEST QUALITY STAR SKIRT BRAIDS, WILLIMANTIC 200-YARD SPOOL COTTONS,
GOOD STRONG COTTONS, 3 SPOOLS 5c. 200-YARD SPOOL COTTONS, EQUAL TO COATES' OR CLARK'S,
HAIR-PINS, 3c. BUNDLE, EXCELLENT 20-YARD COTTONS, 4c.
SPOOL SILKS, 1c. SKEIN SILKS, 6c. DOZEN.
SKIRT BRAIDS, BEST PINS, 14 ROWS, 4c.
HOOKS AND EYES, 3c.
OLD BROWN WINDSOR SOAP, 4c. BEST NEEDLES 3c. PAPER.
TWILLED TAPES, 13c. PIECE.
FRENCH WORSTED COTTONS, 2c. FINE AGATE BUTTONS.
DARNING COTTONS, 3c. LINEN TAPES, 3c.
BRUSHES, PINS, TAPES, TRIMMINGS, NETS, PERFUMERY, FORTEMONNAIES, AND EVERY THING ELSE IN FANCY GOODS, UNDER PRICE.
GOODS FROM AUCTION DAILY.
N. B.—NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE.
WM. KINZEY,
Nos. 211 and 213 Bleecker-st.
Between 7th and 8th-avs.

AGENCY FOR THE
NEW-HAVEN PATENT SHIRTS,
MADE TO ORDER OR READY MADE.
The cheapest, finest and best fitting shirts offered in this City.
FRENCH FLANNEL ARMY SHIRTS.
GAUZE MERINO UNDERSHIRTS.
LINEN AND JEAN DRAWERS.
ENGLISH AND GERMAN HOSIERY.
SCARFS, TIES, COLLARS, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, &c.
SILK AND GINGHAM UMBRELLAS.
At the Shirt and Collar Depot, Nos. 37 and 39 William-st., one door north of Maiden-lane.
THEODORE C. CHANNIN, Agent.

A LARGE SHIPMENT, EX STEAMSHIP AUSTRALASIAN, OF LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S MANTILLAS,
ROTONDES, CIRCULARS,
BUFFLES, and other leading styles of ladies' outer garments for June, July and August business,
NOW OPENED, FOR SALE AT
GEORGE CAREY'S,
VILLE DE PARIS,
No. 425 Broadway,
second door from Ubsdell, Pearson & Lokate, late Charles Street & Co.

859 BROADWAY. LACE CURTAINS.
NOTTINGHAM LACES,
VESTIBULE LACES,
And all styles of Trimmings for Curtains.
OVER 2,000 PAIRS CURTAINS
AT OLD PRICES.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY,
No. 859 Broadway.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
STRAW BONNETS AND BLOOMERS.
We continue selling from our immense stock, with new additions,
BELOW LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
On Monday over one thousand Misses' Split Straw and Leghorn Bloomers, both Albonis and Sydons, running from $1 50 to $3 each; can scarcely be found in the trade. Gray and White Hair Bonnets, from $1 50 to $3 each. Fine lines of fine Split Straw Bonnets, of the very best make and quality, from $1 50 to $6 each; (nothing better at any price.)
We have nearly everything in Bonnets and Bloomers, at 25c., 37½c., 44c., 50c., 62c., $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2, $2 50, $3 each, and upwards.
Monday Afternoon, at 3 P. M., for
OUR RETAIL TRADE ONLY.
Ten cases of White, Pedal and Tuscan Alboni Bloomers.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 211 and 213½ Grand-st. and No. 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW FRENCH FLOWERS!!
OUR OWN IMPORTATION.
Pa'ms cannot be seen elsewhere.
THE LARGEST VARIETY EXHIBITED THIS SEASON.
Also, STRAW TRIMMINGS and FLOWERS.
Unusual variety of DRESS TRIMMINGS.
From Auction, Colored on I. Black Crapes, Yarigans, Plain Binding Ribbons, Velvets, &c.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 211 and 213½ Grand-st.
Entrance to these Rooms from Nos. 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT NO. 736 BROADWAY.
STRANG, ADDRIANCE & CO.,
Will offer at Retail,
On MONDAY, 18th inst.,
A large assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
purchased at the great AUCTION SALES of last week, 50 to 60 per cent. less than cost of importation,
VIZ.:
COMPRISING
Silks, in great variety, Worsted and Silk Grenadines, in Colors and Black; Mozambiques, in Plaids, Stripes and Plain; Poil de Chevres, De Laines, Alpacas, in all the new Shades of Drab and Black, with a great variety of goods suitable for children.

IRVING HALL—GOTTSCHALK CONCERTS.
THE SECOND CONCERT
of the last series of the great Pianist,
MR. L. M. GOTTSCHALK,
will take place on
TUESDAY EVENING, May 19,
Tickets $2 each.
Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.
THIRD AND LAST CONCERT BUT ONE,
ON THURSDAY EVENING, May 21.

ALPACAS, ALPACAS.
AN IMMENSE STOCK
OF
DRESS FASHIONABLE GOODS,
IN ALL THE PREVAILING COLORS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
W. R. FETTON,
No. 374 Bowery.

LE BOUTELLIER BROTHERS
Invite special attention to Metambines, Mohairs and Glacis, in various qualities, at very low prices. Colored Alpacas and gray goods for traveling, Sacques, Grenadine Barages, Silk Tissues, &c.
☞ A large assortment of Silks in plain colors and checks. Black Silks of the best make.
No. 475 Broadway and No. 296 Canal-st.

JUST RECEIVED—ELEGANT PARIS MADE travesting, miles and shopping bags, for ladies' and gentlemen's use, and have on hand, of my own manufacture, superior sole-leather trunks, ladies' dress and bonnet trunks, bags, &c., wholesale and retail.
JOHN CAYNACH, Jr., No. 10 Broadway,
Corner of Wall-st., and No. 709 Broadway, near 4th-st.

DRY GOODS.

ANOTHER WEEK
OF
NOVELTIES
AND
GREAT BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
☞ HAVING MADE LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK OF
CHECK, FIGURED, COLORED and BLACK
SILKS,
FROM THE AUCTION SALES
THE PAST WEEK, WE ARE ENABLED TO OFFER
THE MOST SUPERB STOCK
OF GREAT SILKS
AT PRICES BEYOND THE RANGE OF COMPETITION.
CHECK AND PLAID SUMMER SILKS, GOOD QUALITY, 62c. yd. and up.
CHECK GRACIE SILKS, 75c. yd. and up.
YARD-WIDE FOULARD SILKS, GOOD QUALITY, AND NEW COLORS, IN PLAINS, CHECKS, and FIGURED, at 62, 75, 87½c.
PLAIN GLACIE, IN THE NEW COLOR—THE QUEEN—IN BLUES, PURPLES, DRABS, GREENS, MAGOS and BROWNS, at 87½c. yd.
BLACK SILKS, FIGURED and PLAIN, 75c., 87c. and up to $4 per yard.
DOUBLE-FACED SILKS, at 75c. a yard.
A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BLACK SILKS, WITH and WITHOUT LUSTRE, AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
WE PARTICULARLY INVITE AN INSPECTION OF THE ABOVE SILK STOCK, AS IT IS WITHOUT ANY EXCEPTION THE CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY. THE PRICES AND GOODS ARE PRECISELY AS REPRESENTED.
WE HAVE ALSO LARGELY INCREASED OUR STOCK OF
DRESS GOODS,
AND CAN OFFER THE LARGEST VARIETY AND AMOUNT
BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS, MOHAIR LUSTRES, GLACIES, LENOS, POPLINE, MOZAMBIQUES, &c., at 25, 30, 37½, 40, 45, 50, 62½, 75, 87½, 100, 125 and 150 per yard, up.
EVER OFFERED AT RETAIL.
A LARGE STOCK OF PRINTS, from 3½c. a yard up.
BOWLINGS, SHEETING and SHIRTING MUSLINS, LINENS, DAMASKS and HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, GENERALLY
AT THE VERY LOWEST MARKET RATES.
A LARGE LOT OF FINE CRASHES from AUCTION, At 10c., 12½c., 15c. a Yard.
THREE CASES PRINTED MARSEILLES, for LADIES' WRAPPERS, at 25c. yd., worth 40c.
OUR CLOAK AND SHAWL STOCK
IS LARGE, VARIED AND CHEAP,
AND
FULLY IN KEEPING WITH THE GREAT BARGAINS IN THE OTHER DEPARTMENTS.
VARIETIES
OF
SILKS CLOAKS,
WHICH ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE BEST MATERIALS, AND MADE IN THE MOST VERY LATEST STYLES AND DESIGNS.
THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN OUR PRICES AND THOSE IN BROADWAY ARE VERY MARKED INDEED,
AND WELL WORTHY THE ATTENTION OF LADIES.
☞ In the Shawl Stock will be found every style, from $14 to $50.
CRYSTAL PALACE EMPORIUM OF FASHION,
NO. 255 BOWERY.
W. R. ROBERTS, Proprietor.

HOSIERY! HOSIERY! HOSIERY!
H. ARMSTRONG,
NO. 180 6TH-AV.
In addition to his large and varied stock of Hosiery, has purchased the entire stock of Stockings, amounting to above $10,000, which he is selling at cost prices.
RIBBONS! RIBBONS!
H. ARMSTRONG,
NO. 140 6TH-AV.
Calls the special attention of his lady customers to his large and splendid stock of Ribbons, bought at late auction sales, comprising all the new and desirable shades.
LACES! LACES!
Real and Imitation Valenciennes Laces, Veils, Coiffures and Barbes. Also Paris and English Thread Flouncings, 50c. per yard, up to $4 per yard.
EMBROIDERIES.
In all new and desirable styles, such as
BANDS,
EDGINGS, INSERTINGS, COLLARS, CUFFS, &c., &c.
SELLING CHEAP.
NOTIONS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
H. ARMSTRONG.
☞ Ladies only, on examination of his stock to convince purchasers that they cannot elsewhere in the City get as good value as at
NO. 140 6TH-AV., BELOW 13TH-ST.

BAT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
RIBBONS! RIBBONS!!
Every Ribbon at 4c., 5c., 6c., 8c., 10c., 12c., 15c., 18c., 20c., 25c., 30c., 37c., 40c., 50c., 62c. and 75 cents per yard.
FOR OUR RETAIL TRADE ONLY.
Full line of white and black ribbons.
Millinery silks, comprising all the fashionable shades.
Still large additions to the stock of millinery laces.
New styles in silk and thread gloves.
Ladies' fine Lisle thread gloves, 25c. per pair upward.
Also, cheap auction lots of embroideries.
Linen handkerchiefs, from 6c.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 211 and 213½ Grand-st. and 66 Allen-st.
☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS,
FOR THIS WEEK'S TRADE,
We will offer
800 PIECES
OF THE NEWEST GOODS,
IMPORTED FOR THE SEASON,
Also,
ABOUT 10,000 YARDS, PURCHASED AT AUCTION AT A SACRIFICE.
W. R. FETTON,
No. 374 Bowery.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO FAMILIES AND GROCERS.
THE BEST SOAP IN USE.
E. MORGAN'S SONS'
PEARL
MOTTLED SOAP.
This Soap is, without doubt, the best and cheapest in use. It is manufactured from the best materials, and being entirely free from any of those injurious substances so often found in soap, we do not hesitate to pronounce it unequaled for washing flannels and fine goods, or for family use of any kind. We have several other qualities of soaps which give the most unqualified satisfaction wherever used. Our Soaps have been established upward of fifty years, and have a wide reputation for manufacturing only from the best materials.
GIVE THE PEARL MOTTLED SOAP A TRIAL.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
No. 211 Washington-st., and No. 440 West-st.

ÆOLIAN LAMP
MANUFACTORY, NO. 565 GREENWICH-ST.
This lamp burns Kerosene and Petroleum Oils without any chimney, without smell, and without smoke. It always gives a steady light. With a wick seven-eighths of an inch wide, the flame is two inches across. The most brilliant and best light ever produced. The current is supplied to the flame by means of a simple mechanical arrangement, which will last for a lifetime, and is warranted.

HAMMER'S CHAMPAGNE ALE.
The attention of the public is called to the superior qualities of HAMMER'S FRESH-BREWED CHAMPAGNE ALE. This ale is brewed fresh at all seasons of the year, and is KEEPING QUALITY, and is not affected DURING THE MOST EXCESSIVE HOT WEATHER. It is warranted for any length of time. Sold by the case, for sale in bottles, barrels and half barrels, at the depot, No. 750 Beekman-st., New-York.
HAMMER & CO.
BREWERY AT HERKEN.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED Assignee for the late firm of Purdy & Tyson, of No. 36 Bowery, in this city, hereby gives notice that all persons having claims against said firm must present the same at my office, within the first day of June next.
DANIEL S. FAYERWEATHER, Assignee.
New-York, May 14, 1868. Nos. 20 and 22 Bowery.

EASILY HOOPED WITH RUBBER HOOPS, 1 to 12c. each, according to condition, and warranted. 164 Grand-st., 37 Park-row, 193 Bowery, 376 6th-av., Brooklyn, 48 6th-av., 49 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh, and cor. of Oxford-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

A GENTLEMAN, HAVING A LONG EXPERIENCE in the confectionery trade, is desirous of joining in his present business, one or two companies for domestic manufacture; has no objection to build up a trade for a new article. Best of reference given. Address H., Box No. 127 Times Office.

CHURCHES—CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF churches in New-York and vicinity, comprising over 200 views. The trade supplied.
H. STACY, No. 681 Broadway.

ALDERNEY CATTLE.—THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a few thoroughbred Alderney cattle, males and females. They can be seen at Fort Hamilton, New-York City.
JOHN HAVEN.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A LARGE, MODERN AND FINISHED stone store on Fort-place, running through to Bowling-st., 25 feet front by about 100 deep; presently rented for $15,000 a year; Columbia College lease, 11 years to run; with renewal; ground rent, $1,050 per annum. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 27 WHITE-ST., BETWEEN Church and Broadway—lot 25x100—with lot in the rear adjoining, same size; feet. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

VALUABLE TIMBER LAND FOR SALE.
A large tract, including valuable timber, rich soil, surrounded by well improved farms. The most valuable tract in the State and is one of the "wealthiest counties" of any access to market; on easy terms.
JOHN W. RUSSELL, No. 4 Pine-st.

NEWMAN & FITTON,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
No. 38 Wall-st. and Tarrytown, New-York.
Have a variety of houses and lots, country seats and farms to let, lease, sell or exchange on reasonable terms.
ALLEN NEWMAN, Tarrytown, N. Y.
ADAM FITTON, New-York.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS
GIVEN BY THE CITY OF CHICAGO AT AUCTION.
The members of the Chicago Land Company, in the City of Chicago, have resolved that the stock shall be closed, in the month of June, 1868, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1868.
The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1868, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago,
749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago,
66 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch,
32 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch,
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch,
3 lots in original town Chicago.
Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about seven thousand five hundred dollars.
Fifty-four contracts, covering, or lots on, which there are owing an aggregate of about $20,000.
Also, the lease of the lots on the Canal, of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.
And 1,600 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.
The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.
MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.
Chicago, March 26, 1868.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION SQUARE, THE FIVE-story-and-basement brick house, suitable for one family, with stable, with improvements. Well located for a first-class small hotel, being in the immediate vicinity of the Academy of Music, theatres, railroad and omnibus lines. For terms, apply to
RIDLEY WATTS,
No. 706 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Apply to
RIDLEY WATTS,
No. 706 Broadway.
W. R. ROSS,
No. 706 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FARM AT Little Neck, Flushing, for Harlem property; fifty acres, second to no farm in Queens County; splendid view of the Sound; in the immediate vicinity of the residence of the late Andrew H. Mickle and Cornelius W. Lawrence, 12 miles from City, a quarter of a mile from depot. Price $4,000.
S. DINGEE, No. 6 Pine-st.

$2,000—FOR SALE CHEAP—A GOOD farm of 100 acres, in Warren County, Penn., including crops, house, and barn, new; soil rich; immediate possession; terms to suit; must be sold. Apply to F. C. ANTHONY, No. 34½ Pine-st., from 11 to 4 o'clock.

FOR SALE, AT FIVE MILE RIVER, CONN.—A farm of 35 acres, in high state of cultivation, containing a fine young orchard of grafted fruit; house, barn and outbuildings in perfect condition. Inquire of R. SELY, No. 116 King-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE WHOLE OR PART OF A farm, containing 100 acres, situated about 21 miles from the City of New-York and New-Haven Railroad. The dwelling house and other buildings in good order. Apply at No. 543 Bowery, corner 3d-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM ON LONG ISLAND, three miles north of Suffolk Station; new dwelling-house, first-class outbuildings, two fish ponds, &c., and about 300 acres of land. For terms and particulars, apply to G. COE, 343 GENEVA, No. 10 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE AT WHITE LAKE, N. Y.—263 acres, with two dwellings, barn, saw shed, hay house, apple and sugar orchard, &c. Price $4,000. Will exchange.
G. H. OLIVER, No. 1 Beekman-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH board, can be had at No. 128 Bleecker-st., for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen; location pleasant and convenient; hot and cold water, &c. Terms moderate to permanent boarders.

BOARDING.—PERSONS WISHING BOARD ON Middletown, can hear of a special situation and excellent accommodations by addressing LUCY A. ORDWAY, Milton, Ulster Co., N. Y.

A GENTLEMAN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with tea and breakfast, and very pleasant rooms, or with rooms, without board, if desired. Address B. W., Station D, City.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A PRIVATE GERMAN family without children, occupying an extremely pleasant cottage with sample grounds, on the Hudson River within an hour's ride of Chambers-st., will let two bedrooms, one bedroom and sitting-room, to the gentleman, for the season—June to October—with board, for $70 per week. Abundance of fruit, vegetables, &c., on place. Boarders commutation fare by North River boat, $3 per month. Apply to Box No. 2,203 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD—IN THE QUIET AND healthy town of Fairfield, Conn.; the rooms are pleasant and cool, also the location perfectly healthy, and within a very short walk of the depot; the house has an abundance of trees and strawberry surrounding it, and is in every respect well calculated for a pleasant Summer sojourn. City references given. Address S. P., Box No. 122 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED FOR A gentleman, wife and one child, three and a half years, on the line of the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, in a family where there will be but few of any other boarders. Address with full particulars, A. B., Box No. 4,311 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TO LET FOR THE SUMMER, rooms, with board, in a private family, on the Hudson, at Catskill; fine river and mountain view; convenient and stable room. For references, apply to J. S. DUFF, No. 38 Cedar-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.—SEVERAL CHILDREN can obtain board for 6 a week, at a private farmhouse. Address for one week, J. BENTON, Pembroke, Westchester County.

HOTELS.

THE MOUNT EVERETT HOUSE—DESIRABLY located in a pleasant village among the hills of Southern Berkshire—is now open for Summer boarders. The scenery in the mountains, valleys and adjacent country is not surpassed on this continent. For particulars, Office of proprietor, 2 Astor Place, or B. MADDEN, Railroad Ticket-office, St. Nicholas Hotel, or address proprietor, South Egremont, Berkshire County, Mass.

THE SPRING HOUSE, AT RICHFIELD SPRINGS, will open for the reception of visitors on the first day of June.
JOSHUA WHITNEY.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL.
WOOD BROTHERS,
CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,
Have removed to Nos. 678 and 680 Broadway, a few doors above

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 18, 1863.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Ione; or, The Last Days of Pompeii.
WINTER GARDEN—Babes in the Wood—Paul Pry.
WALLACK'S—The Scrub for Scandal.
NIBLO'S GARDEN—Dear the Forbidden.
LAURA KEENE'S—La Fee Aux Roses.
BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Fortunes; or, Under the Snow, and Stereoptikon Afternoon and Evening.
GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway)—The Alps by Sunrise—Optrama.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 625 Broadway)—Exhibition of Paintings.
HOPE CHAPEL—Dudley's Six Panoramas.
NO. 607 BROADWAY—The Nativity.
BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM—Fallen's Stereoptikon.
MISSION CHAPEL—(Third-avenue)—Concert.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

By the arrival at this port of the steamship *George Washington*, we receive highly important intelligence from the Department of the Gulf. She left New-Orleans on the 10th inst. On that day Admiral Farragut, with several other officers, arrived in New-Orleans, with the news that early on the morning of the 6th, Admiral Porter, with his own and a portion of Farragut's fleet, captured Alexandria, on the Red River, and that on the evening of the same day, Gen. Dwight's cavalry, the advance of Gen. Banks's army, entered the place, thus affecting a junction between the land and naval forces. Previous to the capture of Alexandria—on the 4th—the gunboats *Albatross*, *Estrella* and *Arizona* proceeded up the Red River on a reconnoissance, and had an engagement with Fort De Russy, resulting in its capture. Two rebel gunboats took part in the engagement, one of which was disabled by a shot in her boiler, when the other made her escape up the river. A runner had reached New-Orleans that Port Hudson was being evacuated. It will be recollected that Gen. Grant, a few days ago, notified the War Department, that it had been evacuated, except by a small garrison and the heavy artillery. Gen. Banks had issued an order proposing the organization of a *corps d'armée* of colored troops, to be designated as the Corps d'Afrique. It is to consist ultimately of eighteen regiments, representing all arms—making nine brigades of two regiments each, and three divisions of three brigades each.

Our New-Orleans correspondent confirms the report published in the Memphis *Bulletin*, that Col. Grierson had arrived safely with his command at Baton Rouge. He reached that place on the 26 inst. A full history of his important operations will be found elsewhere in this morning's Times. In seventeen days they traveled over 500 miles through the heart of Mississippi, had numerous fights—killing and wounding numbers of the enemy, and taking hundreds of prisoners, horses and contrabands; destroyed millions of property in bridges, trestles, cars, ammunition, &c., with miles of telegraph—and all with the astonishingly small loss of one man killed and six wounded; Col. Grierson and his coadjutor, Col. Prince, of the Seventh Illinois cavalry, had a great reception at New Orleans, where they had arrived.

The news from Gen. Grant's army is important. The Richmond *Enquirer* of Friday, states that our forces on Thursday advanced, 1,000 strong, upon Raymond, seven miles from the railroad connecting Vicksburgh and Jackson, and about fifteen miles from the latter place. Gen. Gregg held the place with 4,150 rebel infantry and a few cavalry. Skirmishing commenced at 9 o'clock in the morning. Our forces were gradually reinforced until 1 o'clock, when, after a heavy musketry fire, the enemy retreated through Raymond, and fell back on reinforcements at Mississippi Springs, in the direction of Jackson. Here the battle was renewed on Friday, and at last accounts the firing was heavy and continuous. A later rebel dispatch announces that Gen. Grant has captured Jackson.

Senators Wade and Chandler returned to Washington on Saturday evening, from a visit to the Army of the Potomac. They report the troops in the most effective condition and in the best of spirits. It has been ascertained by reconnoissances that during the night of the 14th the enemy threw up additional extensive earthworks, along the ridge of hills in the rear and to the left of Fredericksburgh. Another report is that every available soldier now on detached service in and around Washington, Baltimore, and on the railroads in Virginia and Maryland, is to be forwarded to Gen. Hooker—their places to be supplied with Pennsylvania militia.

The Richmond *Enquirer*, of the 14th, announces that five or six transports landed National troops at West Point on the day previous, and that the men were engaged in throwing up intrenchments across the point between the Mattapony and the Pamunkey Rivers.

A rebel telegram from Tullahoma, dated the 12th, states that Gen. Rosecrans was having all his heavy baggage and tents removed to the rear, to Nashville. This intelligence is said to have been obtained through the medium of scouts.

Lieut. Phelps, commanding the Tennessee division of the Mississippi squadron, notifies the Navy Department of a dashing affair by our cavalry, in which he rendered valuable assistance. On the night of the 12th, he took on board a detachment of the First Western Tennessee cavalry, and landed them on the east side of the Tennessee River. The cavalry proceeded across the country to Linden, where they surprised a camp of rebel cavalry, and captured a number of officers and men, with the entire appurtenances of the camp. The rebels had three men killed; our loss was one horse.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *City of New-York* arrived at this port late last night, with four days later advices from Europe. She left Liverpool on the 6th, and Queenstown on the 7th inst. A Deputation of Trade Unionists waited on Mr. Adams, our Minister in London, on the 2d, and presented the addresses recently adopted at a public meeting. Mr. Adams made a reply of considerable length, in which he alluded to the relations of Great Britain and the United States in a manner which seems to have pleased the London Press. Parliamentary proceedings had been unimportant. The replies of Russia to England, France and Austria on the Polish question had been declined, and were regarded as unsatisfactory. Several successes of the revolutionists against the Russians are reported. Prices of Cotton had advanced in the Liverpool market. Breadstuffs were dull, and Provisions steady. Consols were quoted at 93¾—a decline.

GENERAL NEWS.

The ships *Emerald* and *Hemisphere*, which arrived at this port yesterday from Liverpool, report having encountered immense quantities of drift ice on the passage.

A meeting was held in Albany on Saturday to protest against the arrest and trial of Vallandigham. [illegible] Jacob J. Parker and others, and a letter condemning the arrest, from Gov. Seymour, was read. An attempt was made to break up the meeting by—the dispatch says—some returned soldiers, but it did not succeed.

The steamship *Ocean Queen*, from Southwest on the 8th, arrived at this port Saturday morning, bringing $306,183 in treasure on California mail and passengers, and later intelligence from Central and South America. The news from South America is of no importance. From Guatemala we hear of the inauguration of a new revolution, which, however, was speedily put down by Carrera, though its occurrence prevented his contemplated second invasion of Salvador. The revolution in Nicaragua still continued, notwithstanding a defeat suffered by Jerez. Costa Rica remained quiet.

A meeting in aid of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association was held at the Twenty-third-street Dutch Reformed Church last evening. The President of the Association, Mr. S. W. Stratton, made a brief statement of its objects and history, and Rev. R. V. Kirk, D. D., of Boston, preached the sermon. A bountiful collection was taken up in aid of the cause.

A meeting in behalf of the Tabernacle of the Christian Alliance was held last evening at the City Assembly Rooms. Maj.-Gen. Anderson presided, and appropriate addresses were made by Rev. C. C. Goss, Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, Chauncey Schaffer, Rev. John B. Mitchell, D. D., and others.

The Stock Market was buoyant, at advancing prices on Saturday. Gold Coin steady at 150; Exchange 165; Money in large employment at 5@6 ⅌ cent. The absorption by the New Loan of the United States, was $2,134,450. It is understood that the new Harlem direction to be made at the annual meeting of the Company this week, will have immediate relation to the Broadway extension.

Less extensive transactions were reported in Breadstuffs on Saturday, though prices were much lower. Provisions were also rather less freely purchased at previous figures. Sugars, Molasses, Hay, Rice and Tallow were in good request. Cotton was dull and irregular. Whisky was very quiet and a shade cheaper. The sales of most other articles were quite moderate. Heavier freight engagements were effected, chiefly of grain for British ports, at firmer rates. There were 558 vessels of all classes in port.

Time as an Ally.

In almost every struggle, Time is sure to figure as a great ally, on the one side or the other; and the whole result often depends upon the question whether this ally can be secured or not. Fabius saved Rome from Hannibal chiefly by obtaining it, and turning it to the best account. The enemies of Napoleon were overthrown mainly because almost uniformly deprived of it by his terrible celerity. The Southern revolutionists owed all their first success more to the fact that the last Administration allowed them time than to all other things combined. It was Mr. Buchanan's fatal mistake. Had he garrisoned the Southern forts with promptitude, as Gen. Scott entreated him to do, and used with proper dispatch his other powers called for by the occasion, the secession movement might have been checked. He gave it time, and it soon acquired a breadth and strength that enabled it to sweep the whole cotton region, from the Atlantic to the Rio Grande. The different action of the Border States was determined entirely by the fact whether the Unionists obtained the advantage of time or not. In Virginia they did not, as the State was hurled out of the Union by the Convention in the storm of excitement following Sumter, before the people had time to deliberate. In Kentucky they did, the Unionists gaining time by the temporary device of what was called the *neutrality* plan. In Maryland they did, through the interposition of the President, who ordered the arrest of the legislators just on the eve of launching their secession ordinance. In Missouri they did, through the summary action of Gen. Lyon in breaking up Camp Jackson. After the war had fairly opened, it was, however, by our own slow operations that time was given to the rebels to make their immense levies, and to arm and equip them, that they acquired such prodigious military power. Had we made a mighty effort to raise and arm soldiers, and strike both promptly and skillfully, the rebellion would probably have been crushed in its first year. But we gave it time to develop and compact itself, and the consequence has been that, for the last year, it has been quite our match.

Time has done almost everything for the rebels. It has given them about all the success they have yet secured. *But it has now done all for them that it can or will.* Henceforth it works for us. Hitherto every day has strengthened them; henceforth every day must weaken them. Their armies, through the universality of the conscription have attained their utmost possible maximum, and hereafter, through disease and battle, must grow smaller and smaller. Through our perpetual blockade their supplies of all the necessaries of life must constantly diminish. Through the vastly increased cost of rations, clothing and munition, the cost of the war to the rebel government is increasing at a rate which is becoming more and more burdensome; and the paper which is issued to meet this cost is daily accelerating the complete ruin of the currency. The one sole thing in which the rebels hoped that time at this stage of the struggle would serve them, has failed completely. We mean the chance that the Foreign Powers, wearied with the prolongation of the war, would interfere and stop it. But it is now virtually settled, that however long our national Government may choose to wage this war, there will be no foreign intervention—that the Foreign Powers will suffer any dearth of cotton for any period rather than make themselves parties to this conflict. Time has nothing to promise the rebels in this direction; while it now works against them in every other.

This fact is so plain that it is recognized even in Richmond. Says the Richmond *Enquirer*—"They did not care for delay, for it is our people who are suffering, not theirs. The longer this style of warfare lasts * * * the more of our national resources they will have ruined and wasted, and the better chance they will have for an irresistible advance at last. They are in no hurry. Last year, indeed, there was urgent haste to get the rebellion crushed in thirty days or ninety; now we hear much less of this vehement urgency, and the whole Yankee nation seems to have laid out its accounts for war as the settled business of life, rather than for peace and separation." This is a correct appreciation. The North knows that whatever checks our attempts to advance may incur, they cannot affect the ultimate issue of the war; that their only effect is to give the Confederacy a little longer lease of life. Of course it is desirable that the conflict should be shortened, and the Administration will be held to a strict responsibility if, by wrong action or inaction, the war is not hastened to its consummation. But no events of the war, however adverse, can incite to an abandonment of it, for it is a dead certainty that adverse events only prolong the war, and that the prolonging of the war of itself weakens the Confederacy, and makes our final triumph the surer. The situation in fact is simply this: If we win battles, we crush the Confederacy without time—*if* we do not win them, Time comes in as our ally, and through it the Confederacy languishes and finally perishes. The constancy of the North in its purpose, therefore, is based not simply on faith in this strength of a righteous cause, but on a clear assurance that there is a physical necessity for the final exhaustion and succumbing of the rebel power, if we but hold on. With Time, which in the first period of the struggle did so much for the rebellion, now unchangeably and most potently on our side, there is no longer a chance for our ultimate failure. We hope to win by sheer force soon, but anyhow our success in the end is guaranteed. The Confederacy at worst can but prolong its agony.

The Romance of the War.

We have heretofore published such facts and fictions as we have been able to gather from the rebel journals that reached us from time to time, concerning the great raid of Col. the Grierson through the length and breadth of very long and quite broad State of Mississippi. It is just a month since the expedition started on its perilous tour, and during all that time we have known nothing of it except what we learned through rebel reports from the Southwest. Now we heard of it here, then there; now in the north, then in the centre, and sweeping all around; now fighting, now capturing towns—and so on, until both we and the rebels lost sight and knowledge of it somewhere below the centre of the State.

The expedition, however, has arrived in safety at Baton Rouge, and we are enabled this morning to present an extraordinarily interesting and reliable narrative of its wonderful exploits, from the pen of one of our Southern correspondents.

No wonder the rebels of Mississippi were startled. No wonder that the apparition of these horsemen struck with panic the entire State. Our own account more than confirms all the stories sent from Mississippi as long as the rebels had a telegraph wire or a railroad line left to send them by. Fifteen days was the time occupied by the expedition; and the points of departure and termination were, respectively, Lagrange, Tenn., and Baton Rouge, La.—all the vast region between these places being pretty thoroughly scoured. The distance, by air-line, between Lagrange and Baton Rouge, is about 350 miles; but the distance actually traversed by the expedition through the enemy's country was *eight hundred miles*. The lines traversed and the points visited by the various parties into which the expedition was at different times divided, can be very accurately traced on a good map; and those who wish to see how much greater, more dangerous and more successful this raid was than all other raids, either of the rebel cavalry or our own, would do well to study it up. Now we hear of them, as we have already heard of them from the rebels, in the North, centre and South, in the East and West—now at the Tallahatchie, now at the Tombigbee, the Okanoxabee, the Pearl, the Amite and the Comite—now we hear of their capturing a town, then destroying one and another section of railroad, and then blowing up a bridge—now fighting five or six rebels and then routing as many thousands—now capturing and paroling prisoners by scores and hundreds—capturing trains of cars, locomotives, commissary stores, guns and ammunition—traveling often night and day—making in one day 40 miles, in another 45, in another 57, over the most horrible imaginable roads; and in the last thirty hours of the raid they rode 80 miles, fought several skirmishes, destroyed bridges and camps, swam a river, and captured 42 prisoners and quantities of horses. Fortunately when human endurance could endure no longer, and mortal heroism could achieve nothing further, the starved and sleepy troopers came within hail of the Stars and stripes at Baton Rouge. Even the rebel journals had to praise the behavior of the expeditionary force to the people and the towns they met in with on the route; and it is evident from several incidents, that their whole conduct was characterized by a style of chivalry that never had a home among Southern slaveholders. The management of the expedition throughout was admirable, and as a result of this, our losses, as will be seen, were exceedingly small.

The matter is so fully dwelt upon in our correspondence that we do not think we need add anything further; but we believe the summing up of the results and effects of this expedition by our New-Orleans correspondent is not at all exaggerated. It is exhilarating, in these days of misfortune and disaster in the East, to find such magnificent results being continually wrought out by our brave brethren in the West.

Behind the Rebel Armies.—We drew the inference the other day, from the facts developed in the raids of Gen. Stoneman and Col. Grierson, that, excepting the few chief points at which the rebel armies are immediately concentrated, the South is not only entirely bare of troops, but that it has been swept clean of the material out of which troops are made; and also that when its present armies are broken, the Confederacy will give us little more trouble—its backbone being then pretty effectually broken. This view, we observe, is confirmed by Col. Grierson himself. "I tell you, General," said Col. Grierson, as narrated by our New-Orleans correspondent, "no one can pass through that country without knowing that the Confederacy is broken up. *It is, it were dead with nothing to do.*"

Operations on the Red River.—We had intelligence from the Southwest a week ago, that part of Admiral Porter's fleet had gone down the Mississippi as far as the mouth of the Red River, and ascended the latter stream. There were some fears that these vessels might suffer disastrously from the rebel batteries on the Red River which opened so fatally upon the *Queen of the West*, near the close of last year, and which, we were told, had been greatly strengthened of late. We also had statements from the rebels that an immense ironclad fleet had been built or was building up the Red River, and that its whole line was swarming with rams—if rams may be said to swarm. We characterized these statements at the time as being funny rather than fearful. And so the event has proved. Three of our gunboats attacked the batteries of Fort De Russy, on the 4th instant, and soon two rebel steamboats appeared and took part in the fight. But, after a little tussle, the fort surrendered, and one of the steamers fled and the other was disabled.

Porter then proceeded up the river as far as Alexandria, situated seventy miles from its mouth, and which of late has been honored as the headquarters of the peripatetic Gov. Moore, and the latest rebel capital of Louisiana. Alexandria was also the point at which Gen. Banks has been aiming in his march northward through Louisiana. It was captured by our gunboats on the morning of the 6th, and on the evening of the same day part of Gen. Banks' cavalry dashed in and completed the work of capturing it. This is really a very important gain, as it gives Gen. Banks' command of Louisiana, and will enable his army or part of it to proceed down the Red River with the gunboats and take a look at Port Hudson. This news disposes of the late rebel stories of disasters to Gen. Banks.

AMUSEMENTS.

Mr. Maretzek, having given the promised series of six performances, and throwing an extra one in to-night, by way of full measure, will—this tiresomely rainy week—retire into profitable idleness, until again goaded into industrious loss by the necessity of giving six nights more. The month of May has been anything but merry for the impresario. It has, in fact, used him scurvily. He has been ill-treated by the weather and neglected by the public. In short, he has learned that opera at this particular time is both unseasonable and unpopular. Judiciously, like a good general, but not hastily, like a bad one, he retires from the untenable position.

Four performances were given last week, namely: on Monday, "Il Trovatore;" on Wednesday, "Ione;" on Friday, "Aroldo," and on Saturday, at the matinee, "Ione" again. There were unfortunate drawbacks to the first of these performances, but on Wednesday and Friday they were unusually excellent. If the season had run into another week, we were to have had Paer's biblical opera of "Judith;" but Mr. Maretzek has reserved this for the Fall, when he will also produce Verdi's latest opera, "La Forza del Destino."

To-night, "Ione," a work which has proved a genuine success, will be repeated for the last time, and then—a musical lull.

The announcements all round are as follows: At Wallack's Theatre the "School for Scandal;" at the Winter Garden Mr. J. S. Clarke in the "Babes in the Wood" and "Paul Pry;" at Niblo's Garden Miss Bateman in "Leah;" at Laura Keene's Theatre Mrs. English's Troupe St. Denis will appear in a couple of pantomimes and in a rope divertissement; at Barnum's Museum Boucicault's drama of "Pauvrette" will be revived, and the Stereoptikon will be exhibited as heretofore. To-morrow night at Irving Hall Mr. Gottschalk will give his grand concert. It is the second of the last series under Mr. Harrison's management.

Mr. Robert Goldbeck, whose grand symphony, called "Victoria, or Peace Struggle and Triumph," was produced with success at Irving Hall a few weeks since, will give a second performance of the work on Tuesday (to-morrow) evening, at the Academy of Music. The orchestra will number seventy-five performers, under the direction of Mr. Goldbeck, and will play the work we have named, "Deux Morceaux Symphonique," for the orchestra and piano, (piano part by Mr. Mills,) and the overture to "Leonora," No. 3, in C major. The miscellaneous features of the entertainment are the romanza from "William Tell" and a song by Schumann, sung by Madame Johannsen; a solo for violin, by Mr. Theodore Thomas; a duo for piano, by Mr. S. B. Mills, and a private box for Gen. Wool and Staff, who have promised to attend. Mr. Goldbeck's enterprise, to say nothing of his talent, deserves a positive recognition at the hands of the public.

Mr. J. J. Clarke, whose performances at the Winter Garden are attracting most excellent and fashionable audiences, has made a very happy addition to his *repertoire* in a little piece called "Somebody's Cost." It is from the pen of Mr. J. G. McCabe, of Philadelphia, a gentleman whose fame as a writer has not reached us, but who in this trifle displays a most admirable vein of downright fun. He does not fence at the most ridiculous suggestions of his muse, and hence is thoroughly spontaneous and natural, although somewhat unruly and exaggerated. The duty of a farce-writer is to make the audience laugh, and not to indulge too much in serious composition—such as puns. Mr. McCabe succeeds in keeping the house in a perfect roar, and only puns sufficiently to show that, although vicious, he is not hardened to this species of misdemeanor. Mr. Clarke sustains the part of the hero with extraordinary humor. It is certainly one of his best impersonations, and introduces more comic business than any other with which we are acquainted. Not only is he funny when he has nothing to say, but funny also when he is speaking his lines. Every one should see his *Smashington*. It is the hilarious duty of the hour.

A success so speedily won and universally acknowledged as Miss Bateman's hardly needs the breath of newspaper approval, and yet in view of the thousands who go to Niblo's Theatre every week, to witness the lady's impersonation of Leah, in the play of that name, it is difficult to avoid the topic. It was a hazardous thing to revive this work, but the venture although desperate was a good one. The excitement of last season has, strange to say, been renewed, and this too, despite important changes in the general caste. Miss Bateman herself is evidently the sufficient attraction. Her performance is striking in picturesque in all its details, and is finer and better colored than when it was first accepted as a success. It is certainly entitled to the recognition it has obtained.

Fallon's Stereoptican in Brooklyn.—At the Athenæum, for the benefit of a Sunday School enterprise, Fallon's superb Stereoptican is on exhibition. Mr. Ross, the lecturer, or describer of the views, is thoroughly familiar with the subject, and renders an interesting exhibition doubly profitable and entertaining by his narration of fact and explanation of position.

Barnum has on exhibition an enormous Stereoptican which reproduces scenes historic and famous with marvelous effect. In addition to views of noted statuary, Mr. Barnum exhibits choice pictures of himself, Commodore Nutt, Tom Thumb and wife and other modern celebrities.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC

Visit of Senators Wade and Chandler to Falmouth.

SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sunday, May 17.

Senators Wade and Chandler returned last evening from Falmouth. Confidence in their ability to observe accurately and judge correctly will be universally felt. They report the troops in most effective condition and in the best spirits, and impatient for another and an immediate chance at Lee's army, asking only that the ground shall be such that they can get at the rebels and keep at them.

To sail the lie of the Richmond press, that Lee's troops captured fifty cannon from us at Chancellorsville, it is proper to state that the official report of Capt. Fletcher, chief ordnance officer, shows that in the whole series of engagements we lost but eight guns, and captured nine. It is also positively known that we made the largest captures of prisoners. The official list of killed, wounded and missing also corrects the exaggerations of our friends, and refutes the falsehoods of our enemies.

The loss of rebel General Officers was extraordinary. The Richmond papers have already published, among their killed and wounded, Lieut.-Gen. Jackson, dead; Brig.-Gen. Thomas, killed; Gen. A. P. Hill, wounded; Brig.-Gen. Paxton, killed; Brig.-Gen. McGowan, wounded; Brig.-Gen. Heth, wounded; Brig.-Gen. Nichols, wounded, leg amputated; Brig.-Gen. Rodes, wounded. Every Staff Officer of A. P. Hill was either killed, wounded or captured. Half of Jackson's Staff shared the same fate.

The enemy's loss of rank and file is, of course, proportional to this loss of officers. Two more such fights as that at Chancellorsville would wipe out Lee's army.

Lieut.-Col. Chowen, of New-Brunswick, and Lieut.-Col. Lord Ashtown, of the Royal Fusileer Guards, from Canada, dined with Gen. Hooker on Saturday.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

Washington, Sunday, May 17.

It is ascertained from gentlemen returning from the Rappahannock, that Gen. Hooker seems highly gratified with his recent visit to the President.

The river front of the enemy has been reconnoitered, and the discovery made, that during the night of the 14th inst., the enemy threw up new and extensive earthworks along the ridge of hills in the rear, and to the left of Fredericksburgh.

Under the direction of Gen. Patrick, all offal, carcasses and filth around the entire army is being removed, and other sanitary measures are in progress. Some of the camps, including Gen. Hooker's headquarters, will probably be removed from their present locations to more salubrious positions.

It is reported to-day that every available soldier now on detached service on and around Washington, Baltimore and on the railroads in Virginia and Maryland, will be forwarded to Hooker's command, and their places supplied by Pennsylvania militia, which, it is said, has been tendered by Gov. Curtin.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

Washington, Sunday May 17.

NOT KILLED.

Lieut.-Col. Watkins, law partner of Judge Wilmot, reported killed at the battle of Chancellorsville, has arrived here. He was shot through the body and left on the field for dead, but falling into the hands of Dr. Herschmann, Medical Director of Lee's army, his life was saved.

INDIAN AFFAIRS IN NEW-MEXICO.

Dr. Steck, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed by Secretary Usher Superintendent of Indian Affairs in New-Mexico. He was for twelve years a resident of that Territory.

COLONIZATION OF THE BLACKS.

Mr. Hence, of Honduras, recently here to induce the colonization of free blacks in that country, was encouraged by the President, Secretary Seward, and Secretary Usher, but was so strongly opposed by the Secretary of War, who demanded them all for the military service, that the mission failed, and the gentleman went home.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Washington, Sunday, May 17.

THE ENROLLMENT ACT.

The following changes and appointments have been made by the President, under the enlistment act:

New-York.

Fourteenth District—Westman Dominick, Commissioner, *vice* Judson, declined.

Seventeenth District—Schuyler F. Judd, Commissioner, *vice* Judson, declined.

Twenty-fourth District—James M. Lewis, Commissioner, *vice* Pomeroy, appointment cancelled; Dr. George W. Davis, Surgeon, *vice* Kreeland, appointment cancelled.

Sixth District—James N. Elbridge, Commissioner *vice* Lincoln declined. Major A. S. Diven, Assistant-Adjutant-General of Volunteers has been detailed to aid the War Department in the arrest of deserters and in enforcing uniformity in the execution of the Enrollment act in the Twenty-third, Twenty-fourth, Twenty-fifth, Twenty-sixth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-eighth, Twentieth, Thirtieth and Thirty-first Districts of the State of New-York—headquarters at Elmira.

Connecticut.

Second District—Augustus Putnam, Commissioner, *vice* Wright, declined; Dr. Samuel E. Hubbard, Surgeon, *vice* Nye, declined.

Pennsylvania.

Eighth District—Capt. H. Sharp, Provost-Marshal; Jacob C. Roff, Commissioner; Dr. E. Perlotts, Surgeon.

Tenth District—Dr. James S. Carpenter, Surgeon, *vice* Halberstadt, appointment cancelled.

Twelfth District—Capt. S. A. Bradford, Provost-Marshal, *vice* Ketchum, declined.

Fourteenth District—Dr. S. E. Charleton, Surgeon, *vice* Lotz, declined.

Indiana.

Fifth District—Jas. A. McMeans, Commissioner, *vice* Treadway, declined.

REMOVAL OF INDIANS.

Commissioner Dean has received a telegram that the Musshego Indians, 2,000 altogether, are in accordance with treaty stipulations, already on the way from Minnesota to the new homes in Dakotah. The removal was represented as peaceably effected. Dr. Steck, of Pennsylvania, formerly Indian Agent, has been appointed Superintendent of Indian Affairs for New-Mexico.

SEIZURE OF CAPT. MANTIP'S PROPERTY.

The Marshal of the District of Columbia has seized the real and personal estate of Capt. J. N. Mantip, (commander of a rebel privateer,) under the Confiscation Act. It is located in Washington.

WOUNDED.

About 1,200 officers and men from the Chancellorsville battle ground and 200 others have been brought into camp, and distributed among the various corps and general hospitals on the Rappahannock.

GOING HOME.

The One Hundred and Thirty-forth Pennsylvania, (nine months regiment) arrived to-day, homeward bound.

ILLNESS OF SENATOR HARLAN.

A dispatch received from a relative of Senator Harlan, of Iowa, announces that that gentleman is so ill that he is not expected to recover.

NO WAR RUMORS.

No war rumors of any kind has prevailed to-day.

IMPORTANT FROM GEN. GRANT.

The Rebels Report that He Has Captured Jackson, Miss.

Murfreesboro, Sunday, May 17, 1863.

The Chattanooga *Rebel* of yesterday, 16th inst. contains the following dispatch regarding Gen. Grant's success:

Mobile, Tuesday, May 14, 1863.

Jackson, Mississippi, is occupied by the enemy. We fought them all day, but could not hold the city.

Movements at Gen. Grant's.

Cairo, Sunday, May 17.

The Memphis *Bulletin* says: "We learn through secession sources that Gen. Grant's advance on the 11th was at Raymond, Miss., 10 miles from the railroad, and 25 miles from Jackson.

THE CAVALRY RAID IN VIRGINIA.

Operations by the Force Under Command of Lieut.-Col. Davis.

Washington, May 17, 1863.

The following report was yesterday received at the Headquarters of the Army:

Headquarters Twelfth Illinois Cavalry, Gloucester Point, Va., May 16.

To Brig.-Gen. Rufus King, Commanding at Yorktown:

General: In compliance with your request, I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations of the Twelfth Illinois cavalry since leaving the main body of the cavalry corps on the South Anna, on the morning of Sunday last.

My orders were to penetrate to the Fredericksburgh Railroad, and, if possible, to the Virginia Central, and destroy communications. Should we cross the Virginia Central, I was to make for Williamsburgh, said to be in possession of our forces. We marched before daybreak, passing down the bank of the South Anna, through a region never before occupied by our forces. We burned one bridge and dispersed a party of mounted guerillas, who made a poor attempt to oppose us. We struck the first railway line at Ashland. Lieut. Mecklem, with about a dozen men, was sent ahead to occupy the place. He dashed into the village and took it without loss. There were but few of the enemy there, and they escaped. We captured their arms, however, and destroyed them. Words cannot describe the astonishment of the inhabitants at our appearance. I assured them no harm would be done their persons or property, and we soon became better acquainted. We cut the telegraph wire, and tore up half a dozen rails, and piling a quantity of boards in some trestle work south of the town, made an immense fire, which soon consumed the entire structure. While at this work, a train of cars approaching the town, was captured and brought in for inspection. It proved to be an ambulance train from Fredericksburgh of seven cars, filled with 250 sick and wounded officers and soldiers, with a guard. Among them was an Aid of Gen. Lee's, and general officers of considerable rank. We received their version of the late fight, and paroled them and let them go, leaving the cars for the benefit of the poor fellows who were more seriously injured. The engine and tender of the train, together with another found in town, were rendered completely useless by a mechanic with the aid of a few axes. We also filled a stable full with rebel horses and mules. Some of them we took with us, but were obliged to leave the most of them. We destroyed twenty wagons, with harness, &c.

We left Ashland at 6 o'clock P. M. A few miles from the town word was brought in that a train of eighteen wagons was camped in the woods near by. I sent Capt. Rennz with Companies B and C to destroy them, which he did. We struck the Central Railroad at Hanover Station, about 8 P. M. Although wearied and exhausted by our day's labor, I thought it best to complete the duty assigned us, and break all the enemy's communications before resting. Not an enemy opposed us. We captured and paroled about thirty officers and men at the station. They made no resistance. Capt. Swazey was ordered to destroy the trestle work, which reached about ten rods to the south of the depot. The work was effectually done by the same process as at Ashland, and by its blaze we could clearly discern the Confederate guards passively standing at the other end. We also burned a culvert, and cut the telegraph wires, and burned the depot buildings, store-houses, stables, and a train of cars, all belonging to the Confederate Government, and filled with property.

It would be impossible at this time to give a precise statement of the damage here inflicted upon the enemy. It must have been great. There were more than 100 wagons, 1,000 sacks of flour and corn, and a large quantity of clothing and horse equipments. The buildings and cars were full of property, collected for the use of the Southern army. All private property we respected, and I believe that none whatever was damaged. By the light of the burning buildings we left the station, and marched for the Court-house, which had been previously occupied by Capt. Kraus, with Companies A and G who had placed pickets there and taken a captain and four men prisoners. We passed through the Court-house and marched down to within seven miles of Richmond, where we bivouacked till 8 A. M. The next morning we marched for Williamsburgh. At Turetall Station (near the White House and the Richmond and Yorktown Railroad) a train of cars filled with infantry, and a battery of three guns was run out to oppose us. I thought it best to make an effort to capture them, before the men could be got out of the cars, or the battery in position. I therefore brought up my two foremost squadrons and ordered a charge, which was executed by them, Capt. Rennz, with Companies D and F, taking the lead, and followed by Capt. Swazey with Companies E and I. This charge was made most gallantly. The infantry filled the embankment of the railway and poured upon us a severe fire, but my men dashed up to the embankments in splendid style, and, with carbine and pistol, responded to the fire with equal effect. It was, however, impossible to break through. There were formidable rifle-pits to the left of the road, which the enemy soon filled. We were forced to retire, with a loss of two killed and several wounded, among the latter, Lieut. Mason, who was among the foremost in the charge, and who received so severe a wound in the right arm that we were obliged to leave him in one of the neighboring houses. Failing to penetrate the enemy's line at this point, I determined to take the Pamunkey and Mattapony Rivers, and made for Gloucester Point. In this movement I had nothing to guide me but a common map of the State of Virginia, and was in entire ignorance of the position of the enemy's force except that the line before me was closed. My information was of that poor sort derived from contrabands, selected Plunkett's Ferry, over the Pamunkey, and occupied it, after driving away a picket on the other side, with whom we exchanged shots. We crossed in a boat holding fifteen or twenty men and horses, which was poled over the river. Our passage was not disputed. In the same manner we crossed the Mattapony at Newcastle, after driving away a picket, two of whom we captured.

Between these two ferries a portion of the command under Maj. Beaver became detached and did not join us until the 5th inst. They captured fifteen rebels, and destroyed a quantity of saddles at King and Queen's Court-house.

From Walkerton we marched to Gloucester Point, having traveled a distance of over 200 miles, much of it through Southern lands never disturbed by the presence of an enemy. Not far from Saluda, we captured and destroyed a train of eighteen wagons loaded with corn and provisions.

Our total loss in the expedition has been two commissioned officers and thirty-three enlisted men. We brought with us one hundred mules and seventy-five horses captured from the enemy. We captured, in the course of our march, a much larger number, which we could not bring in. The amount of property destroyed is estimated at over one million of dollars.

Respectfully submitted, H. DAVIS,

Lieut.-Col. Commanding.

Rogers & Raymond's New Spring and Summer JUVENILE FASHIONS.

Comprehending a boundless variety of everything dashing and elegant in BOY'S CLOTHING.

Both for in-door and out-door wear, that MOTHERS OF FINE TASTE Can desire, are now ready, marked down to the LOWEST PRICES, At the CENTRAL FAMILY ESTABLISHMENT, Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st., And at No. 214 Broadway.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Relieves the child from pain, invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and vigor to the whole system. Twenty-five cents per bottle.

100 Pianos, Melodeons and Harmoniums for sale, at great bargains, or to let. Monthly payments received for the same by HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, elastic hosiery bandages, silk elastic stockings for various veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

PROPOSALS.

S. T.—1860—X.

CAUTION.—The Plantation Bitter Bottle is secured to us by United States Letters Patent.

To imitate or use it for any other purpose is a crime, punishable with fine and imprisonment. Parties are warned of the consequence of filling empty bottles with any other mixture, whether calling it Plantation Bitters or by any other name. We pay cash, 50 cents per dozen, or $4 20 per gross, for all empty bottles, delivered at our manufactory, No. 106 Liberty-st., thus preventing any excuse for ignorance.

Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk, or by the gallon, is a swindler and impostor. We sell only in our regular bottles, all bearing our private United States stamp and steel-plate label and signature.

T. H. DRAKE & CO.,
No. 308 Broadway, New-York.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.—Extract of "The Night-blooming Cereus"—a most exquisite, delicate and fragrant perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name. Ladies are requested to call and examine the quality; a sample bottle open for inspection. Price 75 cents per bottle.

PHALON & SON,
No. 317 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Up Town Depot
For the supply of
WHEELER & WILSON
SEWING-MACHINES,
NO. 939 BROADWAY,
Corner 22d-st.
Splendid operators
Furnished to families
By the day or week.
With or without machines.
MACHINES TO LET.

Nos. 299 and 299 Bowery.
The cheapest cash Clothing Warehouse in the City.
GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.

Straw Hats.
A large and varied stock of STRAW HATS, for both old and young, consisting PANAMAS, FRENCH SOFT HATS and TRAVELING CAPS, MILITARY HATS and CAPS in every variety, at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway.

Sewing-machines to Rent,
And for Sale—New.
V. W. WICKES, Jun. No. 488 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st., up stairs.

Buckingham's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and invisible. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Grexle's Celebrated Microscope mailed free, with a beautiful pocket-book or watch for $1; with a splendid, by Henry Grexle, 189 Chatham-st., 34 Ann, New-York. Liberal discount to dealers. Broadway retailers: Fowler & Wells, 308; Optical Institute, under Barnum's.

Try it.—Dandelion, Calisaya, Cinchona, Sore Throat, Tonics in the Limbs. Nervous and Chronic Sufferers, relieved by using DR. JOBIAH SPENCER'S LINIMENT. Nothing has ever been discovered that takes pain like it. Warranted. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—N. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, 14 Ann-st., Rooms 10 and 11, New-York. Also Fishelbach's and other patents. Beware of imitations and C. O. D. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by C. G. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st., between Grand and Howard sts. Price 50 cents per box.

MARRIED.

CLOYES—EVERARD.—In the City, at Springfield, Ill., on Monday, May 11, EVERETT C., eldest son of Rev. Dr. Cloyes, and Miss LIZZIE, daughter of Hon. Ninian W. Edwards.

The bride is a grand-daughter of the Hon. Gov. Reynolds, of Illinois, and a niece of President Lincoln.

HOW—ADAMS.—In Buffalo, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 13, at Trinity Church, by Rev. Dr. Ingersoll, JAMES HOW, Jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y., to JULIA ADAMS, of Litchfield, Conn.

DIED.

AMES.—In this City, on Friday, May 15, MARY ELIZABETH, only daughter of John and Mary E. Ames.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 61 West 47th-st., near 6th-av., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, N. J., for interment.

BELL.—In this City, on Sunday, May 17, after a painful illness, LEMUEL J. BELL, in the 33d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from No. 157 Franklin-st.

BURNETT.—In Warrensburgh, N. Y., on Saturday, 16th inst., REBECCA WYCKOFF, wife of Dr. Burnett.

BOYS.—In this City, on Saturday, May 16, after a lingering illness, John J. Boys, in the 74th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at Trinity Church, on Tuesday, 19th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

HARDER.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 17, MIS DEMARIS HARDER, aged 6 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 46 Pierrepont-st.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

KEESE.—In this City, on Sabbath morning, May 17, KATHARINE, daughter of Rev. John M. Krese, D. D., aged 21 years.

Funeral service at Reformed-st. Church, this day, (Monday,) at 4 o'clock P. M. She will be buried from the First Presbyterian Church, Newburgh, on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

LOZIER.—In this City, of inflammation of the lungs, SUSAN M. LOZIER, daughter of Simeon Lozier, aged 23 years, 9 months and 9 days.

Relatives, friends and acquaintances are invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from No. 36 East 18th-st.

MOLLARD.—In New-Rochelle, N. Y., on Saturday, May 16, at the residence of her brother-in-law, E. J. Hillman, ELLEN J. F., wife of Henry F. Mollard, in the 31st year of her age.

RAYMOND.—In Plainfield, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, suddenly, of typhoid pneumonia, HENRY BERGERS RAYMOND, son of John and Jeannette Raymond, aged 14 years.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning, 11 o'clock, from the residence of his father, Plainfield. The remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery. Train leaves New-York, foot of Cortlandt-st, for Plainfield, at 9 A. M.

SEAR.—In St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, May 12, after a short illness, EDWARD SEAR, formerly of the City of New-York, and for the last twenty-five years a resident of St. Louis.

STEPHENSON.—In this City, on Sunday, May 17, FRANK W., son of Dr. M. Stephenson, aged 3 years.

The funeral services will take place on Tuesday, May 19, at 4 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 7 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

TALLER.—In this City, on Saturday, May 16, of diphtheria, EMILY WILSON, second daughter of Edward N., Jr., and Agnes Suffern Taller, in the 4th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Monday,) 18th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her father, No. 64 Clinton-place, without further invitation.

WALLACE.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday morning, May 16, SARAH A., wife of William H. Wallace, in the 46th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 623 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, May 19, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WHEELER.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, May 16, after a lingering illness, Dr. JONAS WHEELER, for many years oculist in New-York, in the 72d year of his age.

The funeral will take place this day, (Monday,) at 1 o'clock P. M., from his late residence. The remains will be conveyed to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE
LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 270.—May 16, 1863.
1, 21, 22, 49, 74, 20, 44, 16, 9, 40, 19, 23.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 260.—May 16, 1863.
2, 62, 12, 9, 27, 47, 17, 21, 42, 43, 76, 20, 10, 52.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

"COSTAR'S VERMIN
EXTERMINATORS."
FOR RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, BED BUGS, MOTHS IN FURS, WOOLENS, &c., INSECTS ON PLANTS, FOWLS, ANIMALS, &c.
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Sure come out of their holes to die."
Sold by all Druggists everywhere.
BEWARE OF all worthless imitations.
Principal Depot, No. 482 Broadway, New-York.

AGENTS WANTED,
In every town and city, to control territory and sell FARNESWORTH'S WINDOW AND CARRIAGE WASHER, a new patent, that everybody wants. Send for circular or will send a sample free, by express, on receipt of $1. Also, wanted, agents to sell in New-York City and to sell territorial rights.
J. FARNESWORTH.
No. 408 Broadway, New-York, or No. 11 Elm-st., Boston.

BEDS, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c.
Good and cheap, at
WILLARD'S,
No. 324 Hudson-st.,
Corner Morton-st.

ALL WOOL
BLANKETS
AT
$5 50 PER PAIR.
Also, a large stock of
FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Cheap for Cash.
WM. H. HOLLY,
No. 348 Canal-st.

DEAFNESS,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear,
and Air-Passages.

CATARRH.

DR. LIGHTHILL, No. 24 St. Mark's-place, (Eighth-block,) and 58 Greenfield-ality (Schenectady-block), with 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. Patients will not be received except during the regular office hours, unless in cases of emergency or by special arrangement. Parties residing at a distance are hereby informed that a personal examination is requisite in every case before a correct opinion can be given or appropriate treatment prescribed. Letters of Consultation must contain Five Dollars, otherwise they will remain unanswered.

Dr. Lighthill's recent work, "A Popular Treatise on Deafness—Its Causes and Prevention," may be obtained of Carleton, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway, or of any respectable bookseller. Price $1.

NEW TESTIMONIALS.

NEW-YORK, April 13, 1863.

A little daughter of mine has been affected with a troublesome discharge from both ears, the result of scarlet fever. Dr. Lighthill, under whose care I placed her, has removed the discharge completely, and improved her hearing.
W. H. RAYMOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

From Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

SCHENECTADY, Jan. 17, 1863.

Dr. Lighthill—

Sir: Having been cured by you of a discharge in the ear, which has been very offensive of late, and as far back as I can remember, always more or less so; and having been entirely restored to hearing since under your care, I feel that I cannot withhold this acknowledgment from day one it may be to others, especially as I have applied in vain to my family physician and other physicians of reputation. Yours, truly,
JOHN NOTT.

CATARRH CURED.

From Rev. P. R. Russell, Lynn, Mass.

I have been much troubled with catarrh of the worst type for some twenty years. It gradually grew worse, producing cough and hoarseness, destroying the sense of smell, and breaking down my general health to such a degree as to compel me to resign my pastorate, and suspend public speaking.

I made diligent use of the usual remedies, such as snuffs of different kinds, nitrate of silver, iodine, olive oil and inhalations, but without any very salutary effects. Last Summer I heard of Dr. Lighthill's successful mode of treating catarrh, visited him, and put myself under his treatment. I began immediately to improve, and this improvement has gone on to the present time. My catarrh has gradually melted away, my cough has disappeared, my voice has become natural, and I am once more able to preach the blessed Gospel. Let me advise all troubled with catarrhal difficulties to apply to Dr. Lighthill.
P. R. RUSSELL,
Lynn, Mass., Feb. 2, 1863.

NEW-YORK, June 20, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill:

DEAR SIR: I am pleased to be able to testify to the efficacy of your treatment in the case of my wife, whose hearing in one ear you succeeded in restoring, after treatment of various kinds had been applied in vain. I may furthermore state that her hearing remains good up to the present time, though it is several years since she has been under your care.
E. CLAYBURGH, No. 143 Duane-st.

No. 140 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK, June 5, 1863.

Dr. Lighthill has succeeded in completely restoring my hearing, which was seriously impaired, although previous to applying to him I was treated by several physicians without the least benefit. Any further information I should be pleased to render on application to me at my residence, No. 178 Second-st., Brooklyn, E. D., or at my place of business, No. 140 Water-st.
WM. H. WATERBURY,

NEW-YORK, July 29, 1861.

I hereby certify that I have suffered during many years from trouble in hearing—one ear at last became entirely deaf, and the other so bad as to render conversation very difficult. I applied to Dr. Lighthill, of No. 24 St. Mark's-place, who, in a short time, and without pain, restored to me the use of my ears, so that I can now hear perfectly well.
J. BISCO, No. 189 East 23d-st.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, NEW-YORK, April 1, 1863.

DEAR SIR: I take much pleasure in testifying to the professional skill exhibited by you in your treatment of a case of severe inflammation of the throat and ear with which I have lately been afflicted. Upon coming under your charge I was immediately relieved and speedily cured of a most aggravated complaint, which several physicians had previously sought in vain to mitigate.

As I am somewhat of a stranger in the City, I would state that you are at liberty to substantiate my statements, if necessary, by reference to my relatives, Mr. A. V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank of New-York, and to Mr. Everett Clapp, of the Western Transportation Company, No. 1 Coenties-slip.

With much esteem, I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
FRED. M. HANKS.

To Dr. LIGHTHILL, No. 24 St. Mark's-place, New-York.

NO. 12 CORTLANDT-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1863.

DR. E. B. LIGHTHILL—Dear Sir: It is with the kindest feelings toward you, and hoping to do service to some one who is afflicted, that I forward the inclosed document to you.

To whom it may concern: I am personally acquainted with the success which attended Dr. Lighthill's treatment in a case of discharge from the ear and chronic inflammation of the throat, and would be pleased to give further information on application.
V. D. W. WEEKES.

NO. 13 GRAND-ST., NEWBURGH, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1862.

I placed my wife under the care of Dr. Lighthill for deafness in one ear of nearly three years' standing, accompanied by constant noises. I am happy to state that her hearing is now entirely restored, and the noises removed. Those residing in New-York who are desirous of further information may apply to my brother-in-law, Capt. William Edwards, at No. 36 East 26th-st., who is acquainted with the circumstances of the case.
FRANCIS GOULDY.

I have been suffering for some time with noise in my head, and deafness. Having applied to Dr. Lighthill, I have great pleasure in saying that he has completely relieved me, so that now I can hear as well as ever, and am not troubled with the noise in my head.

I may also mention that a young man named Henry Lewis, staying with me, was also afflicted in a similar manner, and Dr. Lighthill was equally successful in his case.
JOHN MURDOCK, No. 191 Fulton-st.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 2, 1863.

No. 48 FIRST-ST., NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DR. LIGHTHILL—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable skill and judgment you displayed in the case of my daughter, who had been partially deaf, accompanied by discharge from the ears, since early infancy, and is now, thanks to your treatment, able to hear as well as any one, while her ears are free from the discharge. Although it is nearly two years since she has been under your care, her hearing remains as good, and her ears as sound, as the day she left you.
O. S. HOLLY.

Further references to parties of the highest responsibility, residing here and elsewhere, on application.

AUCTION SALES.

COTTON!
Which way to go Cotton!
THE ANSWER.
THE
NEW-YORK MERCURY
For May 23, 1863,
READY EVERYWHERE ON SUNDAY-DAY,
Contains the first of three papers on this important subject, comprising a
COMPLETE HISTORY OF COTTON,
From B. C. 445 to A. D. 1863,
Showing where it can be grown, and interesting alike the
Planter, the Manufacturer, and
ALL WEARERS OF COTTON.

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Premature Loss of the Hair, which is so common now-a-days, may be entirely prevented by the use of
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TO PRESERVE AND IMPROVE THE HUMAN HAIR.
The only article discovered for promoting the health and strength of the Hair, and giving the Hair a rich and glossy appearance, is PHALON & SON'S COCOIN, and we recommend all to buy it.—Philadelphia Press.

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1863.
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For Vice-President,
THADDEUS Y. TAIRE,
with James Morrison & Co.
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ELECTION TUESDAY, May 19.
Polls open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
The friends of the above ticket and members generally, will be welcomed at the headquarters, Lafayette House, corner of 4th-st. and Lafayette-place.
FREDERICK WHITE, Chairman.
WASHINGTON WILSON, Secretary.
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
James Fairie, Joseph H. Lacour,
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MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—A mass meeting of the members and friends of the Opposition ticket will be held at their headquarters, Lafayette House, corner of Lafayette-place and 4th-st., THIS (Monday) EVENING.

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DIAMONDS AND WATCHES,
Bought for cash by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR JUNE.
We call particular attention to this number, because it contains four fashion-plates, furnished by the Lady's Book by the house of Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., the celebrated importers of fashionable goods in New-York. The fashions are up to the latest dates, and will be invaluable to those ladies who are about to prepare their spring wardrobes and other fashionable resorts. The dresses can all be obtained at Messrs. Stewart & Co's. These are in addition to our celebrated
COLORED FASHIONS,
which contain six figures, three of them very recherche children's dresses. Fashions for the Summer resorts will also be found in this plate.
More than forty other seasonable articles will be found in this number, among which are several of the latest styles for hand-dresses and hair-dressing.
Cottage architecture, crochet-work, and all other kinds of work for ladies abound in the June Number.
PRESERVING RECEIPTS.
The receipts alone for preserving fruits, to be found in this issue, are, to the housekeeper, worth the price of the whole year's subscription.
For sale by all the dealers.

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IF YOU WISH FINE NOTE PAPER AND envelopes stamped with the initial letter,
Call at
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Prevents the Hair from falling.
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Promotes its Healthy Growth
Burnett's Cocoaine
Is not Greasy or Sticky.
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Leaves no Disagreeable Odor.
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Affords the richest Lustre.
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Is not an Alcoholic Wash.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Kills Dandruff.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Gives New Life to the Hair.
Burnett's Cocoaine
Remains Longest in Effect.
Burnett's Cocoaine
PREPARED ONLY BY
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO.
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And sold everywhere.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.
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For promoting the Growth, and preserving the Beauty of
THE HUMAN HAIR.
The Inventors of COCOAINE—knowing that when the loss of hair occurs, it is generally from that part of the head where the greatest heat is constantly generated, and that animal fats, as Bear's Grease, Lard, &c., &c., by their nature induce heat rather than alleviate it—turned their attention that philosophical season towards Vegetable Oils, as the basis of a medicament to promote the growth, and preserve the beauty of the hair. The Cocoa Cocos, or
COCOA-NUT OIL,
Presented itself strongly, as possessing many properties peculiarly adapted for the purpose; but its odor was objectionable, and its density (except when exposed to heat) seemed for a long time to defy all efforts to render it available, in the cooler climates, for popular use. BY A SCIENTIFIC SELECTION OF OTHER INGREDIENTS, THOSE WHICH WILL CHEMICALLY COMBINE WITH THE OIL HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED, and they together have produced a topical compound, which is unanimously pronounced to be the best which has yet appeared.
In the form here presented this Oil is PERMANENTLY DEODORIZED, and held in a combination which peculiarly adapts it for the toilet. It is UNRIVALED IN DELICACY AND AGREEABLENESS, COOLING IN ITS NATURE, AND POSSESSES SUCH A PENETRATING AFFINITY FOR THE SECRETIONS OF THE SKIN, THAT IT IS RAPIDLY ABSORBED.
This Oil allays irritation, removes all tendency to dandruff, and invigorates the action of the capillaries in the highest degree. ITS EFFECT UPON THE GLOSSINESS AND RICHNESS OF THE APPEARANCE OF THE HAIR IS SUCH AS CANNOT BE SURPASSED, and it is offered to the public in the firm belief that it will supersede all other preparations. *Its unprecedented popularity in all parts of the country is the best evidence of its merit.*
BURNETT'S COCOAINE.
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The superiority of this preparation consists in its choice material, and delightful perfume, rendering it a perfect hair preparation.
We are confident that no one who may make a trial of its efficacy will be willing to return to the use of any other preparation.
The proprietors would also call attention to the fact that it is the cheapest Hair Dressing yet offered to the public, QUANTITY and QUALITY considered.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
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Patented
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SHIRTS.
Warranted to fit, and to be
CHEAPER
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Spring is the time to use DR. LEATHE'S
YELLOW DOCK SYRUP,
Which Purifies the Blood, Invigorates the Body, gives Tone to the Nerves, Strength to the Muscles, and Health to every Channel, Joint and Limb.
One Dollar per Bottle—(which often cures.)
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Ask for LEATHE'S YELLOW DOCK SYRUP. Take no other. Established 1840. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

DEAFNESS
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,
CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG.
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with his new Mode of Treatment."

NEW TESTIMONY.

"NEW-YORK, May 6.

I was entirely deaf in my left ear, accompanied by a discharge. I placed myself under Dr. Von Eisenberg's care, who, by his great skill, restored me to perfect hearing, in the short space of a few minutes, without giving me the slightest pain, and the discharge has ceased entirely. The Eustachian Tube, which was obliterated, is quite open, and I feel that the air-passage performs its functions. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.
THOMAS GRANAN, No. 320 6th-st."

"NEW-YORK, May 7, 1863.

I have great pleasure in testify to the skill of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I went into his office almost completely deaf, and came out with my perfect hearing. It is nearly twelve months since, and the hearing is perfect. The operation, which lasted two or three minutes in each of my ears, gave me no pain whatsoever. I, with confidence, recommend all sufferers to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's unsurpassing skill.
SAMUEL C. HUNT,
No. 4 Meserole-av., Greenpoint, L. I."

WEST HOUSTON-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, for above seventeen years, with a disagreeable discharge from both ears, combined with continual rumbling noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, and I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his modes of applying the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.
JOHN TAYLOR.

NEW-YORK, July 19, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and exhibiting noises in the head, accompanied with other indications of a total loss of hearing. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with congealed blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.
CAROLINE J. FOST, No. 32 South-st.

NO. 128 MENDON-ST., NEW-YORK.

J. H. VON EISENBERG, M. D.—Dear Doctor: I have been afflicted with total deafness, and was induced to pay you a visit. No one can imagine my delight, when after one operation, my hearing was suddenly, and without pain, restored to me, for which I feel very grateful. After being totally deaf—almost—for 6 years to feel the pleasure of using so necessary a sense—to have it returned, and to hear so distinctly, reflects great credit on you for the immense amount of skill you possess. I beg to thank you for what I can so truly appreciate. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.

BEAD
NEW-YORK, March 30, 1863.

This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of success. I am DEAF, yet I am unable to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession, as to his scientific and successful mode of treatment, for he has shown in my case that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such a reputation. I am so entirely restored to perfect health that I do most sincerely recommend all sufferers from CHRONIC CATARRH and SORE THROAT to apply at once to Dr. Von Eisenberg, with a certainty of being cured.
FREDERICK WEBER, No. 300 4th-st.

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CUSTOM DEPARTMENTS
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are now supplied with the finest and best
FABRICS,
OF THE
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MARKETS.
THE STYLE OF OUR GARMENTS,
in these departments, is unsurpassed by any in the country.
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We have made such extensive additions to our stock, that we can safely assert it has never been so
COMPLETE AND ATTRACTIVE
as now. Many of the goods having been
ORDERED IN EUROPE,
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Sold by all Grocers.

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Is the best known remedy for sprains and bruises.
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Fine Shirts a specialty.
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This work contains comprehensive and philosophical definition and illustration of the Gentleman. It is a work interesting and important at any time, is doubly welcome at the present hour, when nothing can be more desirable than a clear and emphatic exposition of the character the Gentleman, as the incarnation of the Justice, Force, and Intelligence which are the life-blood of the nation. In this volume the author gives a full, forcible, frank, and fervent discussion of the Gentleman as he figures in history, in society, in domestic life, and in literature; and the whole treatise, while made peculiarly attractive by its brilliancy and adaptedness, is pervaded by an earnestness worthy of strong consideration that does not lessen its charm.

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Persons and Austen have given marks of real genius; genuine sensibility to anything vile, mean, base, or cold of the nature. I read again, and for the third time, Miss Austen's very finely written novelet, "Pride and Prejudice." Does Jane Austen, in the closer delineation of the involvements, feelings and characters of ordinary life, which is to me the most wonderful, I have ever met with.—The Water Witch.
Miss Austen's novels are equal once second-hand, writers who, in the point, have never approached nearer the manner of the great master, are in no hesitation in placing Jane Austen.—Macaulay.

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"BLESS ME THE GOOD-NIGHT, MOTHER," by J. E. THOMAS; price

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AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has lived in her last place nine years; best of City references. Call, for two days, at No. 46 Charlton-st., Room No. 14.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A YOUNG AMERICAN girl wishes a situation in a gentleman's family to do chamberwork and light washing. Wages no object to the privileges learned. Reading and writing for two hours every day. Apply at No. 128 7th-st., near Bowery.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, BY A PROtestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; good reference given. Call at No. 118 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED BY A respectable young woman, a situation in a private family as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to assist in the washing and ironing. Has the best of City references from her last place, where she lived for four years. Can be seen for two days at No. 170 West 22d-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young girl, a situation as chambermaid; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing or as chambermaid and waitress; can be highly recommended from her last place in City. Call at No. 142 West 26th-st., near 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation, by a very trustworthy girl, as thorough servant, to wait on a lady, &c.; will be found of very neat appearance and of the most pleasant and obliging disposition; the highest reference. Apply to Mr. CHRISTOPHER, No. 18 Tillery-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and seamstress, by an English young woman highly recommended; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 6 Mitchell's, between Broadway and University-place, from 2 to 4 o'clock.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A COMPETENT young woman wants a situation for chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and sewing; has five years' City reference. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation, by a respectable young girl, as chambermaid and waiter; understands her business thoroughly; no objection to go a short distance in the country; the best of references from her last place; City reference. Call for two days at No. 256 6th-av., 2d-floor, near 17th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITuation as chambermaid, nurse, or chambermaid and seamstress, by a retired young woman, with best City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway, from 2 to 4 o'clock.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—A young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and laundress; can do French fluting, and do her work skillfully. The best of City reference given. Call at No. 92 West 29th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR LAUNDRESS.—A Wanted, by young woman, a situation as chambermaid or laundress in a respectable family; good City reference will be given. Can be seen for two days, at No. 255½ Bowery.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and seamstress, or as nurse and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler and Wilson's machine; would go a little out of the country; has City reference. Call or two days at No. 170 East 12th-st., first door front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation, by a respectable Protestant girl, who has lived in the best families, and can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 216 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 126 West 13th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as experienced cook; is an excellent bread and biscuit baker, and understands her business thoroughly; no objection to go a short distance in the country; the best of references from her last place; City reference. Call for two days at No. 206 8th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED IN A PRIvate family, by an German woman, as good French cook and pastry cook; perfectly trustworthy, honest, clean, quiet and confectionery, as well as plain and American cooking; best of City references. Address Box No. 165 Times Office.

AS COOK.—A COMPETENT WOMAN WISHES a situation as cook; understands all kinds of poultry and game, jellies and all kinds of pastry; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 31 West 19th-st., between 5th and 7th ave.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS PRIvate cook; understands boning and larding, game and jellies, and all other kinds of cooking; has the best of City reference for character and capability. Call at No. 220 East 30th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A GOOD COOK, A situation in a private family; the best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 209 West 46th-st.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—A SITUATION wanted, by a Protestant woman, as first-class cook for the country; is a good pastry cook, and can do all the branches; the best of references in Philadelphia. Apply at No. 1 Clinton-place, near 7th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable woman, as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook; has the best of City references from her last place. Call at No. 216 West 26th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY an English Protestant girl as good cook and baker; or would assist in the washing and ironing; has good reference. Call at No. 216 7th-av., near 24th-st.

AS COOK AND CHAMBERMAID.—SITUAtions in the country wanted as above for two very experienced and respectable Protestant servants in a gentleman's family. Both are competent and valuable servants, having lived five years in their last place. Apply at Mr. CHRISTOPHER, No. 18 Tillery-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, by a neat, tidy woman, with the best of City reference, a situation as cook and laundress; can bake and make pastry; does the washing in good style. Wages $8; City or country. Call or address No. 182 East 31st-st.

AS COOKS, WASHERS AND IRONERS.—Situations are required immediately for superior servants—cooks, waitresses and nurses, (including several Protestants,) whose references are to the first families in Brooklyn, and really very valuable and excellent servants. Apply at MANING'S Office, 67 Montague-st., Brooklyn, (opposite City Hall,) formerly of Tillery-st., established 18 years, under the patronage of families of the highest distinction in City and country.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted for an honest respectable young woman, as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; will be found to be an excellent cook, washer and ironer. Address Miss Green, Mr. Ogden's, 129 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable woman, as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook; has the best of City references from her last place. Call for two days, at No. 216 West 26th-st.

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AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT woman, a situation as experienced cook; is an excellent bread and biscuit baker, and understands her business thoroughly; no objection to go a short distance in the country; the best of references from her last place; City reference. Call for two days at No. 206 8th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

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AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A GOOD COOK, A situation in a private family; the best of City reference given. Can be seen at No. 209 West 46th-st.

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AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable woman, as cook, washer and ironer; is a good cook; has the best of City references from her last place. Call for two days, at No. 216 West 26th-st.

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AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY AN experienced nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; is a competent, trustworthy woman; is a fine sewer; would go a short distance in the country; can give the highest city references as to character and capability. Call for two days; at No. 107 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

AS NURSE.—A CAPABLE YOUNG WOMAN wants a situation as nurse to take care of an infant; or would take charge of older children; is a good seamstress; lived eight years in her last place. Can be seen at No 254 West 36th-st., for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESpectable English woman, as nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant; is a good sewer; has no objections to the country; the best of City reference can be given. Apply at No. 63 East 15th-st., between Irving-place and 3d-av.

AS NURSE.—A MOST EXPERIENCED NURSE wants a situation; can take full charge of an infant or grown children; is a fine sewer; would go the country or travel. Call at or address No. 229 6th-av., between 14th and 15th sts., for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby from its birth; has five years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 116 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

AS NURSE.—A VERY RESPECTABLE MIDDLEaged woman, and very competent nurse for children and young baby, wants a good situation as nurse; seven years' reference. Call at or address No. 86 6th-av.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE.—WANTED, BY A trustworthy woman, who has acted as children's nurse for many years, a situation in the city or country; understands the care of an infant from its birth, or the management of grown children; is kind and attentive to children; wages, $12. Call at, or address, No. 183 East 21st-st.

AS CHILDS NURSE.—A YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation to take care of a child and sew; is an excellent seamstress—sews very neatly; has no objection to the country; City references. Call, or address, No. 238 East 29th-st.

AS INFANT'S NURSE.—SITUATION WANTED, by a woman of long experience; understands the care and management of a baby from its birth; can bring it up by hand if required; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 38 East 16th-st.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL WISHES A situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; is willing to go in the country or travel with a lady. Can be seen 59-Bleecker-st., Brooklyn, (opposite City Hall,) formerly of Tillery-st., established 18 years, under the patronage of families of the highest distinction in City and country.

AS NURSE, &c.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant girl wishes a situation as nurse, or would do chamberwork and waiting; has lived in all the branches; best of City reference. Address or apply to Mr. HENDERSON, No. 8 Court-st., Brooklyn, basement.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY AN experienced nurse; can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; is a competent, trustworthy woman; is a fine sewer; would go a short distance in the country; can give the highest city references as to character and capability. Call for two days; at No. 107 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

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AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A RESpectable woman, wants a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; and has the best of City testimonials. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 387 4th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A situation by a Protestant girl as nurse and seamstress in a private family. Can give good City reference. Can be seen at No. 149 East 29th-st., room No. 1.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—AN AMERICAN GIRL wants a situation as seamstress; can cut and make children's clothes, and assist in nursing; will be useful and obliging in the country. Call at

AS [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS HOUSEKEEPERS.—TWO SISTERS, AMERican girls, well educated and members of the M. E. Church, wish situations to take the entire charge of a single gentleman's house, or do the work between them; both are proficient good pastry cooks; are temperate and conscientious girls, and for the mutual living together will asks no pay; north for their services, instead, upon reasonable references. Apply to Mr. CHRISTOPHER, No. 18 Tillery-st., Brooklyn.

AS HOUSEWORKER.—A YOUNG SCOTCH woman wants a situation to do housework in a small family; can bake pastry. Monday and Tuesday at No. 417 West 34th-st., near 9th-av.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress or as children's maid and seamstress; prefer to operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; understands all kinds of family sewing; also hair-dressing; is a Protestant; desires to go to the country. Best of first-class reference. Can be heard of for two days. Address C. H., Box No. 419 Times Office.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTable girl, a situation as laundress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to go with a family in the country for the Summer; best City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 369 1st-av., near 19th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, FOR A PRIVATE family at Newport, R. I., a Protestant woman as laundress. Apply with references at the Spingler House, Union-square, room No. 13, on MONDAY, May 16, between 9 and 11 o'clock.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant young woman as laundress; understands laundry work, or chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to the country. Best of City reference. Call at No. 116 7th-av., between 16 and 17th sts.

AS LAUNDRESS OR CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing, in a private family; no objections to go a short distance in the country; the best of references from her last place. Call at No. 232 East 20th-st., for two days.

AS DOWN STAIRS SERVANT.—AN RESpectable and trustworthy young man, a situation in City or country; is willing and obliging; knows her business well; has the best of references. Call at No. 270 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waitress in a respectable private family, by a competent, trustworthy person, with best of City reference from her last employer. Call or address No. 274 West 22d-st., for two days.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman as waitress or chambermaid; is a good plain sewer; good reference. Call, or address No. 86 East 13th-st., in the fancy store. No objection to go a short distance in the country.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a young girl, as dry-goods waitress, prize do chamberwork and plain sewing; has the best of reference; can be seen for two days at No. 173½ West 16th-st., corner of 7th-av.

FAMILIES CAN BE SUPPLIED WITH, to the best of help, at Mrs. YORKSTON'S Office, No. 14 Abingdon-square, from all nations. Protestant girls wanted. And, a private room set apart for them, and can be engaged without delay.

MALES.

AS BELL-BOY OR SERVANT.—WANTED, by an industrious lad of 17 years of age, a situation in a hotel as bell-boy, or servant in a private family. Inquire for two days at the Belmont Hotel office, Fulton-st., near Broadway and Nassau-st.

AS DRAUGHTSMAN, &c.—WANTED A SITUation, by a good draughtsman and civil engineer, well acquainted with Government work. Was in the charge of Ordnance and Equipment office, U. S. N. Best of references, unchanged for 3 years. Inquire of JAMES F. McLEAN, Civil Engineer, No. 67 Chambers-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by one who thoroughly understands his business, in the care and management of horses. Has the best of City reference. Has no objection to the country. Can be seen, for 2 days, at No. 161 Mercer-st., Mr. DILKS' stables.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED AS coachman by a married man without encumbrance; he is well acquainted with the City and has the best of City references. He can be seen at the Sandford, No. 29 East 19th-st., N. Y.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man wants a situation in a private family as coachman; is a good driver; the best of City references given. Call for two days at No. 91 West 26th-st., fourth door, back room.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES a situation as coachman; would be willing to take charge of a small garden; has the best of City reference; is honest and sober. Address A. M. T., Box No 121 Times Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES a situation as coachman in a small private family; objection to the country; can give good country references. Can be seen at No. 40 West 18th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable single young man as coachman, in a private family. Country preferred. Best of references. Address, JAMES, Box No. 128 Times office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, situation by a steady, sober married man to drive a single or pair of ponies; understands his business; has the best of City references; can produce testimonials from his last employers. Call on JOHN MCMAHON, No. 243 East 24th-st., between 2d and 3d ave., or his last employer, D. H. BROOKS, Street of Grand-st. and Broadway.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted, by a single man as coachman and groom. Is willing to make himself useful; is a good driver, and a first-class groom, also a steady, sober man, with good references. Call at No. 140 Grand-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation by a young man as coachman and gardener; has no objection to the country; has City references from his last employer. Apply at No. 203 3rd-av., harness store.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED AS gardener by a man of practical and professional experience in this country. The very best of City references. Call at or address Mr. Pince, 4 Pine-st., John Gray's tin-store.

AS FARMER.—A FIRST-CLASS FARMER wants a situation; knows his business in all its branches; is a good hand over horses and cattle in general; is can a good vegetable garden; has good references. Call at No. 376 6th-av.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young man, a situation as waiter in a private family; understands his duties thoroughly and can produce first-class reference; country place preferred. Call at No. 311 4th-av., corner 24th-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family for the Summer, by a first-class private waiter; good recommendations. Address J. H., No. 45 3d-av., near 10th-st.

HELP WANTED.

A BOY.—WANTED, AN INTELLIGENT AND active boy in a bookstore. Address G, Station A.

A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a Protestant girl to go with a family to Ohio, as chambermaid and waitress, and to assist in washing and ironing; small family; references required. Apply at Protestant Employment Agency, No. 125 4th-av., from 10 till 12 o'clock.

A CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a neat, industrious girl, as chambermaid and waitress; best of references required. Apply at No. 19 West 17th-st., between the hours of 9 and 2.

A GOOD COOK.—WANTED, A THOROUGHLY good cook, in a small family, who will assist in the washing, and is willing to go in the country for the Summer; best references required. Apply at No. 32 West 9th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

A GOOD SALESMAN WANTED TO SELL the patent Ink-stand, a very valuable little machine; a chance will be given to realize a large sum of money. For particulars, address Box No. 62 Flushing, Long Island.

A COACHMAN.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT coachman, to go a short distance into the country; must have good recommendations, and be willing to make himself generally useful. Apply to MORRIS, No. 37 Park-row, Room No. 13.

A CHILD'S NURSE.—WANTED, TO GO A short distance in the country, a child's nurse; a neat, obliging and respectable woman, who is Protestant, and can give good City references. Call to-day, between the hours of 9 and 11, at No. 80 East 17th-st.

A CHILD'S NURSE.—WANTED, A PROTESTant girl, a respectable woman, who can be competent, neat and tidy, to go into the country. Inquire at No. 113 West 30th-st., on Monday.

A SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT young woman, as first-class seamstress and children's maid, to take charge of two little girls, 9 and 12 years old. Apply, with City references, at 386 3d West 26th-st., from 9 to 12 o'clock.

A WAITER.—WANTED, IN A PRIVATE FAMily, in Newport, R. I., a Protestant man as waiter. Apply, with reference, at the Spingler House, Union-square, Room No. 13, between 9 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTANT book-keeper in a stationery store down town; one who has some experience in the business preferred. Address, with references and salary expected, Box No. 4,382 Post-office.

WANTED.—IN A SHIPPING OFFICE, A YOUNG man, about 16 or 18 years of age; he must write a good hand, and have had some experience in office work. Address, in handwriting of applicant, W. S. O., Times Office. Salary $200.

TO MASONS.—STONE MASONS WANTED TO go to the Isthmus of Panama. None need apply but sober men who can bring good references. Apply at office Panama Railroad Company, No. 26 Wall-st.

WANTED.—A CLERK FOR A NEW STEAMboat. Salary liberal. Apply to Mr. SPINE, No. 1 Chatham-square.

BELL BOYS WANTED AT BROADWAY Hotel, corner Broadway and 42d-st.

MACHINERY.

IMPORTANT TO TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS.—FOR SALE.—One of Rodgers' improved Tobacco Cutters, in complete order; has been but little used, and will be sold cheap, as the owners have no further use for it. Also, one of Huss's Patent Machines for making plug tobacco, of all denominations, in complete order, with iron and wood spools. Apply to WRIGHT & VANDERVOORT, Novelty Tobacco Works, Summit-st., Brooklyn.

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT SALE OF CHICAGO CITY PROPERTY, AT AUCTION.

The undersigned will offer for sale at auction in the CITY OF CHICAGO, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of June, 1853, at 10 o'clock A. M.,

some 1,000 lots in the ORIGINAL TOWN, AND IN WIGHT'S, ELSTON'S AND SHEFFIELD'S ADDITION TO CHICAGO,

embracing about 1 thousand feet of very valuable water front, well adapted for manufacturing purposes.

Terms of sale,—One-fourth cash, and the balance in three (3) annual payments, with interest at SIX per cent.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee of Chicago Land Company.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. Auctioneers.

MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF MODERN PRIZE PICTURES!

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, May 12 and 13, at the o'clock each evening, at the Historical Gallery, No. 145 Broadway, over Dr. Chapin's Church,

MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF MODERN PICTURES

Being the richest and most valuable assemblage of works of art we have probably ever had the pleasure of offering, consisting of ORIGINAL specimens by artists of distinction in various countries, selected by a gentleman favorably known in the art world for the last thirty years, and of which a large portion were purchased when in Europe. Full list exhibiting the names of the artists, from 1500 to 1850, and others painted to order for the collection.

The Gallery containing the productions of several artists of whom examples, owing to their rarity and high cost, have never before been offered here, among which will be found the chef d'œuvre of Florent Willems, "Lancaster at la Fidelite," one of the most beautiful specimens of pre-Raffaelite art.

A "Breton Interior," the prize picture of Theodore de Heuvel. The "Hamlet," by Hamman, the finest known picture of Van de Sande Bakhuyzen, recently deceased at the Hague, called the "Forest Side," and to which Verboeckhoven added the figures. A cabinet specimen by Adolf Dillens, &c.

The Dusseldorf School is represented by a grand work by the inimitable fruit painter, Freyer; also, by paintings of Lentze, Vautier, Camphausen, Boettcher, Forster, Mayerheim, Hagelstein, Zimmermann, &c. &c.

The Belgian School is exemplified by examples of Joseph Quix, F. Willems, Fauvelet, Tessen, Verhas, Perrin, Emilien de Mets, Philippeau, Cerier, &c.

The Dutch School by substantial specimens by Schelfhout, Verschuur, Louis Meyer, Van Grootveldt, Eversen, Kock Kauk, Verlaack, Van Wesp, Van Moer, Spekker, Bakhuyzen, Hoogkamer, Van Lamm, Van Thielen, Bleuzy, Vaarbom, Akkeringa, Bilders of Utrecht, Verveer Schouten, Ten Kate, Herrebert, Rosenboom, &c.

Among the Belgian artists represented are Verhegen, beautiful specimens of the first class; Hamman, Thielens, Dillens, Hanoul, Dillens, Jun., Sanscourt, De Noter, Robbe de Beul, Serruys, De Hemsch, Van Severdonck, Snyers, Herling, Gorrens, Wauters, De Jonghe, Maeyens, Vidal, Jonghen, &c.

The Danish portion of the collection is unusually rich in specimens of great beauty (many of them exhibition pictures) by Sidow, Bloch, Bendz, Dalsgaard, Eckersberg, Cobbett, Fasmann, George Cole, Arnfield, Sewell, Burt, E. C. Williams, Walter Williams, Fulham, Shayer, Pinwell, Bond and Beckett, Charles Davies, E. U. Eddis, &c. &c.

Also, several rare examples by American artists, including "Washington Crossing the Delaware," by E. Leutze, being the second and smaller picture of the subject, and the one from which the fine engraving was taken in 1851; Cropsey, Gignoux, Sully, Hays, Tait, Eastman Johnson, M. O. Lambdin, Shattuck, Bingham and Sonntag.

Together with several choice pieces of marble statuary. They are now on exhibition at above rooms, free, with catalogue, and we would recommend lovers of the fine arts to pay an early visit to the collection, as the opportunity for such a gathering of rare pictures will probably never favorable than toward the close of the exhibition, when the rooms are more crowded.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE OF PRIZE PROPERTY.

BURDETT JONES & CO. will sell on THURSDAY, May 21, at 11 o'clock, at U. S. Wheeler & Co.'s store, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, the prize of Perit Vendition Expons to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, the following, viz:

Cargoes of schooner HETTIWAN, FLORIDA, And brig MINNA, Consisting of COTTON, RESIN, SALT, COPPERAS, EPSOM SALTS, GUNNY BAGS, AND GROUND SALT.

Also, at 12 o'clock, at the same place, on board SCHOONER FLORIDA, Her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies at the Atlantic Dock.

Catalogues are now ready.

ALSO, BRIG MINNA, Her tackle, apparel and furniture, and as she now lies at the Atlantic Dock. ROBT. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD CO., No. 35 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, May 11, 1853.

In continuation of the system of monthly auction sales, this Company will offer, at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, 25th day of May, inst., at 12 o'clock noon, at the room now used as the Merchants' Exchange, Nos. 52 and 54 Exchange-place, corner of William-st., by SIMON DRAPER, Auctioneer,

THIRTY THOUSAND TONS OF FRESH MINED SCRANTON COAL,

embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., after the 1st of June next. They will repeat such a sale on or about the 25th of each month, during the year 1853.

The sale will be positive. Each lot parcel will be sold to the highest bidder, payable in any form whatever, being equivalent to money at the office of the Company, in City, ready for delivery on the day of sale, or at the time and place of sale, and the balance in like funds, on receipt of the order for the coal, which must be called for within 10 days thereafter, and the coal taken away within 30 days from the day of sale, unless navigation is obstructed, in which case the purchaser will have an additional 30 days for taking the delivery of their purchase, by making a further deposit of 50 cents per ton, within 30 days above specified. Interest, at 7 per cent. per annum, will in each case be charged on the balance, from the time stipulated for payment until paid; and 25 cents per ton to be paid on the exportation of coal, ready to be paid on delivery of order.

The other conditions of sale will be substantially those hitherto accepted by all purchasers, by private contract, viz., coal to be taken at Elizabethport, so far as applicable. The coal will be delivered alongside of vessels on their arrival from the mines, when practicable—otherwise from the stock. These conditions will be modified to meet the wants of ocean steamers, whose arrival cannot be definitely fixed.

With a reliable avenue from the Lackawanna and Wyoming Valleys to tide-water, open every day in the year (Sundays excepted), requiring but 12 hours for the transit of the trains, the advantages of such sales, and the superior condition in which the coal will be delivered, are manifest. The mines, the mains and the locomotives will commence fresh at the favorable commencement of both the trade and consumption, which occasion is regarded truly critical. C. K. ROBERT, President.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on MONDAY, May 16, 1853, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st.,

$2,000 1st mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, Mobile and New-Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.

$6,000 1st mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

$4,700 $4-100 stock, due 23d August, 1860, Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

$51,000 1st mortgage 10 per cent. bonds, Great Western Railroad Company.

103 shares Great Western Railroad Co., $100 each.

8¾ shares Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Company, $100 each, scrip.

$167,750 1st mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company.

1,120 shares, $100 each, Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company.

$19,110 85-100 Certificates of Indebtedness, Syracuse, Binghamton and New-York Railroad Company.

$783 65-100 Certificate of Trustees of Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company.

$66,625 50-100 1st mortgage bonds, Cincinnati and Chicago Air-line Railroad Company.

$1,000 Certificate of Stock, Illinois Railroad Co., $100 each.

$50,000 canceled bond scrip, Illinois Cen. Railroad Co.

343 shares Toledo and Wabash Railroad Company, $50 each (common).

81 shares Toledo and Wabash Railroad Company, $50 each (preferred).

$1,000 Real Estate 7 per cent. bonds Toledo and Illinois Railroad Company.

Terms cash. Lists, &c., at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE CITY LOTS TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.—On TUESDAY, May 15, 1853, at one o'clock, P. M., will be sold on the premises in Jersey City, the following lots of land, viz.: Nos. 1 to 10, being one of the most desirable in the city for business purposes and private residences, and greatest chance of a profitable investment; the terms being remarkably easy, viz.: 1 per cent. down, and purchaser's fee on day of sale; 10 per cent. on 1st of June, when a full warranty deed will be given. For further particulars inquire at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 67 Montgomery-st., Jersey City. Sale positive.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT AUCTION.—Splendidly to the estate of the late WM. D. PENNOYER, at the Merchants' Exchange, on MONDAY, 23d of May, 1853, at 12 o'clock, by JAMES M. MILLER, viz., the unexpired lease, 6¾ years, (without ground rent,) of the three story brick front building No. 60 Barclay-st., now rented at $1,700 per annum.

Also, The three-story high basement dwelling house No. 33 Hammond-st., in good order, having all the modern improvements.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE—PRIZE PROPERTY.—BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell on FRIDAY, 23d, at 11 o'clock, at Union Stores, Brooklyn, By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction steamer Southern, and cargo, consisting of hardware, boots and shoes, drugs, salt, fish, &c., also, her tackle and apparel, and everything on board belonging to said steamer. Terms cash. Catalogues now ready.

ROBERT MURRAY, U. S. Marshal.

W. O. HOFFMAN, Auctioneer.

WELSH STEAM COAL AT AUCTION.—W. O. HOFFMAN, SON & CO., will sell on TUESDAY, May 18, at 12 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 111 Pearl-st., Hanover-square,

(To be sold for the benefit of all concerned.)

100 tons Welsh Steam Coal, as it now lies on board ship Kurtanet, at the Quaid Dock, Jersey City, where it can be seen at any time. W. O. HOFFMAN, Auctioneer.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY Given, that the undersigned assignee, &c., of the late firm of Richmond & Hasbrouck, will sell at public auction, on the 18th day of May, 1853, at 12½ o'clock noon, at the salerooms of Merchants' Exchange, No. 162 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, all and singular the bills receivable, book accounts and claims of said late firm, outstanding, uncollected and held by him as such assignee. C. W. VAN DORREN, Assignee, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS EXECUTOR OF W. EMILE FIELD, deceased, will, in order to close the estate, sell at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 20th day of May, 1853, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the dwelling-house on the premises, in the village of Fishkill, the real estate of the said Field usually known as the CAPT. REQUA FARM, situated near the flourishing village of Fishkill, on the Hudson River, the first stopping place of Railroad Express train from New-York. The premises are about

TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF FERTILE LAND, on which is a good variety of fruit and shade-trees, and abounds in [illegible]

ELIGIBLE BUILDING SITES, with extensive views of the Bay, Highlands and surrounding country.

It is believed that for the number of its beautiful locations, the facility of its easy access to City, its schools and churches, convenience to the River and Railroad, and the extent, variety and beauty of its prospect, this property presents the [illegible] for gent

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED! RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES PROVED! HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES. Just published, the 52d edition of Dr. LAURENT'S Paris, London and Boston Medical Manual, or Marriage Guide, (the oldest, best and most popular work on Anatomical Illustration, Human Health and Happiness, Nervous Debility, Urinary Diseases, Impotency, Sterility, Loss of Memory, Decrepitude, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Gravel, Urinary Diseases, Stricture, Gleet, Seminal Weakness, Diseases of the sexual organs of the male and female; latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, their recent and specious; the author received Paris and London diplomas, etc. Mailed free for 25 cts. by return mail. All who would avoid unnecessary fees and barbarous treatment, with its attendant mercury, cicutia, iodine, Cantharides, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Restoratives, &c., should purchase this special work, of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., S. POUERT, No. 18 Chatham-st., CAMBON, No. 347 Hudson, Orleans, or accompany Dr. Dewees, No. 847 Hudson, (Orleans), or address Dr. LAURENT, No. 14 P. O. Box, New-York, from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. We agree with other papers in recommending Dr. LAURENT and his work.—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Deutsch Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE SHORTEST TIME.—Dr. WARD, No. 80 Liberty-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In all cases requiring secret and speedy treatment, the unfortunate should call at once. Dr. WARD will cure all other complaints. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one else, or will pay those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to secure you. If you have been undermined, call at once. By his special experience, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 80 Liberty-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS. SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 80 Liberty-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Vénériens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, chancres, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of these complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in two weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult, Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal vanquishers, are the only physicians regularly and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for months obstruction. Sent anywhere by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

DRS. TRALL & JACKSON'S "PATHOLOGY OF THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS."—This is really a scientific work of great practical value. All other works on the subject are mere compilations from books that have fallen under our observation, are addressed mainly to a prurient taste, and are positively pernicious.—*Chicago Tribune.* "This volume is full of scientific information of inestimable benefit to the sick of disease."—*Hartford Herald.* "It is unquestionably the most complete work on the subject published."—*The New-York Times.* "It offers judicious advice to afflicted humanity, which will save thousands from complicating their afflictions by resorting to quack doctors and quack nostrums."—*Boston Journal.* "It is the only work in existence containing directions which will positively cure that distressing disease termed spermatorrhœa, and other sexual diseases which cause so much misery in the human family."—*Boston Express.* Price $1. Sold in New-York by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

DR. LEWIS' PERUVIAN WAFERS ARE well known throughout Europe to be the most certain and effectual cure ever discovered for every stage and any symptom of secret disease, including secondary symptoms, strictures, seminal weakness and all diseases of the urinary passages, without loss of time or confinement, or hindrance from business. They have effected most surprising cures, not only in recent and more severe cases, but when salivation and all other means have failed; and when an early application is made to Dr. Lewis for the cure of a gentleman, the effects of which were arrested in a moment of inability, the eradication is generally completed in a few days; and in more advanced and inveterate stages of secret infection, characterized by a variety of painful and distressing symptoms, a perseverance in their use, (without restraint in diet or exercises,) will insure to the patient a permanent and radical cure. To be had only of the Proprietor, Dr. LEWIS, No. 7 Lispenard-st., between Varick and West Broadway, New-York.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED in three days by Dr. PUMPHREY'S ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Full directions accompany this life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that foul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER FORD, No. 505 Broadway, and Dr. POWERS, No. 7 Lispenard-st., between Broadway and Church-st., New-York.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade-sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most perfect confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weakness, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. Cases of long standing a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications; he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAYBE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 20 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra, with all painful symptoms, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified physician and surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 103d edition of the valuable work, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," containing valuable information for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 130 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1 and addressing Box No. 1,324, New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, 60 Nassau-st., corner of Maiden-lane; No. 10 Ann-st.; PEDERSEN & CO., 13 Courtlandt-st., Boston.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will, in five minutes after being taken, make the recipient as vigorous as if nothing had never been retarded or debilitated. To the married or single, in every physical exigency, this unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended as a complete restorative of the nervous system where manhood has been impaired. Price $1. Sold by DR. WARD, No. 80 Liberty-st., between Broadway and Church-st. Call or send for circulars.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness to the relief of females from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Especially for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 50 Lispenard-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO LADIES, MARRIED OR SINGLE.—Where infallible medicines are desired, or mode of treatment that never fails, call upon Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," who treats female complaints exclusively. Office No. 130 Liberty-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office, No. 80 Liberty-st., near Broadway. Where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

SULPHUR AND VAPOR BATHS—ESTABlished in 1830.—The only genuine baths in the United States, at No. 1 Carroll-place, Bleecker-st., corner of Laurens, for cure of rheumatism, mercurial affections, &c. Given daily by Dr. A. L. TIMOLAT & CO.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction; in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in 48 hours, and in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become as well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it. For hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient, who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. His popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attempted it; and when they find their efforts not so easily counterfeited, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the sole office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three-cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. If he does work cures.

ASTROLOGY.

I COME HERE.—MME. ROSS, DOCTRESS AND Astrologist, was born with a natural gift. She tells past and future, shows likeness of future husband or absent friend; lucky numbers free. No. 30 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States, and Notary—No. 1 Buckman-st., near First Rank—Room No. 1.—second floor.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 44 WALL-ST.,
will receive subscriptions to the
UNITED STATES SIX PER CENT. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.
Subscribers designated will be will receive bonds a date of subscription, subject to the accruing interest.
After a few days the supply from the Government will have both in the interment as to avoid all delays in filling orders, and enable us to keep constantly on hand an assortment equal to the demand.
VERMILYE & CO., Agents for Loan.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
AND
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
AGENTS FOR U. S. FIVE-TWENTY LOAN.
Are prepared to furnish the U. S. FIVE-TWENTY TREASURY PER CENT. BONDS, which issue the Government, at PAR and ACCRUED INTEREST, or PAR, with interest commencing from date of subscription and payment.
☞ On and after July 1, the privilege of converting Legal-Tender Notes into the Five-Twenty Bonds at par will cease. Parties wishing to convert Legal-Tender Notes paying par per cent. Interest, will do well to buy Bonds now, and in the interim before that time.
We also keep on hand a constant supply of all classes of Government Securities, for sale at the lowest market rates.
U. S. 1 Yr Treasury Notes.
U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.
U. S. One-Year Certificates of Indebtedness, &c., &c.
As the right to convert Legal Tender Notes into Five Twenty Bonds expires on the 1st of July, parties having their funds in Savings Banks, the interest upon which would be forfeited if withdrawn before that day, can secure bonds, to be delivered during the first twenty days of JULY, by a deposit of 10 per cent. with the subscribers.
FISK & HATCH,
No. 35 Wall-st.

YOUNG & HALLOCK,
EXCHANGE AND BANKING OFFICE,
No. 9 Park-place, corner Broadway.
EDWARD R. YOUNG, } Broadway Bank Building, N. Y.
LEWIS S. HALLOCK, }
UNCURRENT MONEY AND SPECIE BOUGHT AND SOLD.
BUSINESS PAPER NEGOTIATED.
STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION
COLLECTIONS MADE IN ALL PARTS OF THE U. S.
REVENUE STAMPS FOR SALE.

P. M. BYERS & CO.,
No. 5 Broad-st.
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
QUARTERMASTERS', NAVY AGENTS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS
BOUGHT, COLLECTED OR ADVANCED UPON.

DORMAN, JOSLYN & CO.,
NO. 12 WALL-ST.
Dealers in Government Securities, Gold, Drafts on Volunteers, Quartermasters, Paymasters, Quartermasters' checks and navy drafts, and all the kinds of Revenue Stamps. Gold for Custom at the lowest rates. Uncurrent Money, Certificates of Indebtedness, Gold and Silver, generally on hand and for sale. Subscriptions received for United States Five-Twenty Bonds.

AGENCY OF THE
U. S. FIVE-TWENTY YEAR LOAN.
These Bonds bear Six per Cent. Interest, payable in Gold semi-annually. We supply them in all denominations, at par, without charge, and receive the interest upon depositing the money with us. The privilege of converting the Legal-Tender Notes into Five-Twenty Bonds, at the rate, as matters stand at present, is worth to the holder, $1 for every $100 invested.
LIVERMORE, CLEMO & CO., Bankers,
No. 34 Wall-st., New-York.

UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Matching Certificates of Indebtedness, delivery, and terms made promptly.
The gold received by Internal Revenue, accounted is at the market price in currency, at the option of holders.
KINGSLAND, SON & CO.,
No. 40 Exchange-place.

NOTICE.
The annual election for Directors of the ETNA FIRE INSURANCE CO. of New-York will be held at the office of the Company, No. 176 Broadway, on MONDAY, June 1. The poll will be open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.
New-York, May 8, 1863. LIVINGSTON SATTERLEE, Secretary.

EDWARD KING,
(Late of the firm of JAMES G. KING'S SONS.)
Offers his services to the Merchants of New-York, for the purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
No. 4 Hanover-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

BANK OF NEW-YORK.—AT AN ELECTION held on TUESDAY, 12th inst., the following named gentlemen were elected Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year:
FOR DIRECTORS.
ANTHONY P. HALSEY, PETER V. KING,
CHAS. N. BILL, ABIEL A. LOW,
BOONE GRAVES, ROBERT J. KENNEDY,
CHAS. LEVERICH, JAMES M. HALSTED,
JOSIAH LANE, PHILETUS H. HOLT,
FREYE SCHUCHARDT, WILLIAM GOTHOUT,
JAMES E. TANNER, GARDINER G. HOWLAND,
JOHN M. BRADLEY.
For Inspectors of Election—Messrs. Campbell, Johnston, Henry H. Winthrop, Henry Gilbert.
At a special meeting of the Directors, held this day, Mr. Hiram Ketchum declined a reelection for an account of ill health. CHARLES P. LEVERICH, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and JAMES H. BARKER, Esq., Vice-President.
J. S. McKEEFE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL CO.,
NEW-YORK, May 13, 1863.
AT AN ELECTION FOR MANAGERS, held at this office on Tuesday, the 12th instant, pursuant to public notice, the following gentlemen were duly elected Managers of this Company for the ensuing year, viz.:
WM. H. WERDEMAN, ABIEL A. LOW,
CHAS. N. TALBOT, ROBERT J. KENNEDY,
EDWARD C. WOOLSEY, JAMES M. HALSTED,
G. TALBOT OLYPHANT, LORAND M. CARNON,
ROBERT RAY, JOHN J. ASPINWALL,
SAM'L S. SCHIEFFELIN, JOHN J. CRANE,
JAMES E. TAYLOR.
At a meeting of the Board of Managers, held this day, G. TALBOT OLYPHANT, Esq., was unanimously reelected President, and JOHN W. MASON, Esq., was reelected Treasurer.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

MILWAUKEE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.
TREASURER'S OFFICE, NO. 50 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, May 11, 1863.
AGREEABLE TO VOTE PASSED AT the annual meeting of the Company, Feb. 11, 1863, books for the transfer of stock of this Company, in this City, will be opened on MONDAY, NEXT, at this Office, and will be kept open until the following Monday when the books will be closed, for the purpose of securing the signatures of the stockholders to the terms of consolidation with the "Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad Company," as approved by the Executive Committee.
CHARLES L. WOLCOTT, Transfer Agent.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, May 8, 1863.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON and after the eighteenth (18th) day of May next, the United States Trust Company of New-York will act as Registrar of Transfers, and Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., of New-York, as Transfer Agents, of the Preferred and Common Stock of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company. The books of the Company will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, the ninth (9th) inst., to reopen at 10 A. M. on MONDAY, the twelfth (12th) inst. All transfers of stock will be made at the office of M. K. Jesup & Co.
JOSEPH PRICE, Secretary and Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, CORPORATION OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 29, 1863.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANnual election for Directors of the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company will be held, at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, MAY 19, when the polls will be opened from 12 o'clock at noon till 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the old and preferred stock will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M., of the 9th proximo, until 10 o'clock A. M., of the 20th.
W. H. EMERSON,
Treasurer and Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD,
NEW-YORK, May 9, 1863.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT this Company is prepared to discount the payment of interest on their issue of $2,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds, due July 1, 1863, being the first Coupon attached to said Bonds.
On presentation of the Coupons at the office of Messrs. GEORGE S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st., the interest will be paid, less five per cent. discount for the period unexpired.
JOSEPH PRICE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, MAY 1, 1863.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHAREholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on WEDNESDAY, May 27, 1863, at 12 o'clock noon.
The transfer books will be closed from the 18th of May and reopened on the 1st of June.
L. A. GATLIN, Secretary pro tem.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of the North American Fire Insurance Company, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 6 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, instant. The poll will be open at 12 o'clock M., and close at 1 P. M.
R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, May 11, 1863.

NOTICE.—THE STOCKHOLDERS OF ALL Classes of the Milwaukee and Prairie du Chien Railway Company, are invited to meet at the Company's Transfer Office, No. 48 Exchange-place, Room No. 9, on WEDNESDAY, 20th instant, 3 P. M.
E. H. MERY, Jr.,
President.

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
Bought and sold as Board of Brokers.
By A. G. HEMINWAY & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.—BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, 50 cents per 1,000; Billheads, $2 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 60 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Ann-st., near the Astor House.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COVE HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND COVE HARBOR.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. Lang, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 20.
AMERICA, Moore, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 27.
CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 3.
ASIA, Shannon, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 10.
PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 17.
AFRICA, Grush, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 24.
SCOTIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wed'y, July 1.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Cabin Passage $122 50
Second Cabin Passage 80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Cabin Passage $113 50
Second Cabin Passage 75 00
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
Walker Paton, Commander,
Will be dispatched
FROM LIVERPOOL. FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY, May 16. SATURDAY, June 6.
TUESDAY, June 30. TUESDAY, July 21.
And alternate intervals thereafter.
FIRST CABIN FARE ..... $90 to $150
SECOND CABIN $70
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, for the First and Second Cabins only, a fare and a-half.
Children accompanying parents, half fare. Infants free.
THIRD CABIN $40
STEERAGE, (with superior accommodations) $30
All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.
Passengers are allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 36 Broadway.
For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
No. 64 South-st.

THE CUNARD LINE.
SCREW STEAMERS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COVE HARBOR.
THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY will dispatch the following first-class fast-powered screw steamers:
FROM NEW-YORK:
SIDON ..... WEDNESDAY, June 10.
MARATHON ..... WEDNESDAY, June 24.
KEDAR ..... WEDNESDAY, July 8.
These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers, and carry experienced surgeons.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO QUEENSTOWN OR LIVERPOOL.
Cabin ..... $80 to $100
Steerage $30 00
RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEENSTOWN OR LIVERPOOL.
Cabin $80 00
Steerage, 6 Guineas, or $35.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
For Steerage passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION,
No. 69 Exchange-st.
For freight and Cabin passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.
The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer,
THE ENGLISHMAN,
Capt. Bosland, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec navy
SATURDAY, MAY 23,
Rates of passage to New-York: First-class, according to accommodation, $67 and $72. Steerage, found with good provisions, $30 00, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out friends at low rates. For Cabin Passage, apply at No. 40 Broad-way, New-York.
SAMUEL S. SEARLE, General Agent.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The United States side-wheel steamship
EAGLE,
Capt. Adams,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, May 21, at 3 P. M., for Havana, direct.
All freight must be paid through to the post-office. No freight received. Bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply to
CROWELL, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 10 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS, DIRECT.
The new and fast-sailing U. S. Mail steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
Capt. Lewis, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 3 North River, on SATURDAY, MAY 23, at 3 P. M.
Passage, with accommodations unsurpassed, $75. No freight received nor Bills Lading signed after Friday.
Apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 68 West-st.

M. G. ROBERTS' LINE.
CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA
ON SATURDAY, June 13,
The steamer AMERICA will sail as above,
Connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.
For passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. Le Messurier, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 23D MAY, SATURDAY, 20TH JUNE.
Passage money to Havana, $40.
Passage money to Nassau, $20.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.
The Central American Transit Company will send the next vessel of their freight line to San Juan del Norte with dispatch.
The schooner JOSEPH NICKERSON, Capt. ASA EAKIN, will sail on Thursday, May 7.
For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broad-way.
Letters for Greytown will be received until Thursday morning.
JOHN E. BODY, Vice-President.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (COVE HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:
CITY OF NEW-YORK ..... Saturday ..... May 23
CITY OF BALTIMORE ..... Saturday ..... May 30
ETNA ..... Saturday ..... June 6
and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.
First cabin ..... $80 Steerage $35 50
First cabin to London ..... 85 Steerage to London 38 50
First cabin to Paris ..... 95 Steerage to Paris 40 50
First cabin to Hamburg ..... 60 Steerage to Hamburg 37 50
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.
Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $48, $60, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40 (from Queenstown, $36. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP AUSTRALASIAN, FOR LIVERPOOL.—The AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. Lang, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 20th inst. A steamboat will ply between the Company's wharf at Jersey City and the AUSTRALASIAN, from 8 to 9 A. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. None but passengers can be taken on board. The CHINA will sail 3d June.
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

TAPSCOTT'S OLD-ESTABLISHED PASSAGE OFFICE.—No. 86 South-st., New-York.—Persons wishing to send for their friends or remit money to all parts of England and Ireland, should apply to TAPSCOTT BROS. & CO., No. 86 South-st., New-York.

EXCURSIONS.

DUDLEY'S GROVE.—THIS BEAUTIFUL AND well-known Grove, having since the past season, been improved and put in good order, is now open for engagements to Sunday School and other excursion parties for any day in advance for the season. Apply to G. B. DUDLEY, at the office of Wm. F. Myers & Co., on Board barge at foot of Rockaway-st., between Vesey and Laight-sts., North River.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, May 14, 1863.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent. out of the net earnings of the last three months, payable, free of United States tax, at the office of the Company on FRIDAY, 22d inst. The transfer books will close on the 14th and reopen on the 25th inst.
By order of the Board,
THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Sec'y.

NEW-YORK, MAY 12, 1863.
PACIFIC BANK.—THE BOARD OF DIRECtors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cents, free from Government tax, payable on and after the first of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st proximo.
A. BUCK, Cashier.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, MAY 12, 1863.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of five per cent (free from Government tax,) payable on and after the first day of June next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to the 1st proximo.
A. BUCK, Cashier.

INSURANCE.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE CO.
Office No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.
CASH CAPITAL, $200,000. SURPLUS OVER $175,000.
Total Assets, over $375,000.
This Company insures against loss and damage by fire, and the risks of inland navigation and transportation, on the most favorable terms.
Eighty per cent. of the profits annually divided in scrip, bearing 6 per cent. interest, while a liberal reduction of the premium will be made to those preferring non-participation policies.
Particular attention paid to rent and household furniture.
ROBERT B. ROSE, President.
DUNCAN F. CAMP, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director ..... MAX MARETZEK
THIS (MONDAY) EVENING, MAY 18,
CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
LAST APPEARANCE OF THE ITALIAN COMPANY.
Card.—The Director begs to announce that the brief summer season of six nights having terminated, THIS (Monday) EVENING will be the last appearance of the company, and the
FAREWELL NIGHT OF THE SEASON,
on which occasion, Verdi's new and brilliant dramatic musical Opera of "IONE" will be presented as a valedictory performance.
IONE.
(THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII.)
IONE ..... MADAME GUERRABELLA
Nidia, a slave ..... Mlle. SULLER
Olinto, the Athenian ..... Signor MARCONI
Arbaces, High Priest of Isis ..... Signor BELLINI
Burbo, a low-born parasite ..... Signor BILOHI
Saltario ..... } Patricians. } Signor RUBIO
Clodio ..... } Glaucus's friends } HERR MULLER
Direo, Ione's slave ..... Mons. FICHER
Gaudentio ..... Signor J. NUNO.
—THE SALE OF TICKETS AND SEATS commences this morning at the box office of the Academy; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Root & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine-sts.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager ..... WM. WHEATLEY
LAST WEEK
but one of the
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
OF THE
GREAT TRAGIC ARTISTE,
Miss BATEMAN,
In obedience to the
PUBLIC WISH,
Manifested so unmistakably by the
DENSELY CROWDED
and
BRILLIANTLY FASHIONABLE AUDIENCES,
which nightly assemble to witness her
WONDERFUL IMPERSONATION
of the
ORIGINAL CHARACTER
of the
JEWISH MAIDEN,
The new play
EVAH,
THE FORSAKEN,
adapted and arranged expressly for
MISS BATEMAN,
by Augustus J. Daly, Esq., which has achieved such
UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS,
will be repeated
EVERY EVENING,
this week.
MISS BATEMAN
Will be supported by a most powerful company, among whom are the excellent artists, R. D. Shewell, Mr. A. McGullough, Mr. J. G. Burnett, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. Lamb, Mr. C. H. Wilson, Mr. Geo. Ashford, Mrs. J. W. Lanergan, Mrs. H. F. Gredtka and Mrs. Shewell.
Original and beautiful scenery by Mr. J. H. Selwyn; original music, composed expressly for this piece by Mr. Robert Stoepel; original and characteristic costumes by Mons. Philip. The music and full chorus under the direction of Harry Sanford Cutler.
BOX BOOK OPEN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.
Doors open at 7½. Performance commences at 8 o'clock.

THE CONCERT OF MAY 9.
COMPLIMENTARY TO THE CHOIR
of the
MADISON AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
assisted by
Mrs. Kempton ..... Mr. H. Appy.
Mr. C. Thomas ..... Mr. Perry.
Mr. J. C. Bartholomew ..... Mr. H. C. Barnes,
will be repeated at the
MISSION CHAPEL,
23-st., between 10th and 9th-sts.,
MONDAY EVENING, May 18, 1863.
Tickets 50 cents; to be had at the Chapel.
Tickets purchased for previous concert, will be available.

DUDWORTH'S HALL, 806 BROADWAY.
MR. DE CORDOVA
will deliver his celebrated humorous Poem
ON BROADWAY,
in aid of the funds of the United Hands Relief Association,
TUESDAY EVENING, May 19, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets for sale at usual places.
ON EXHIBITION,
E. GRONOUD'S,
"THE ALPS BY SUNRISE,"
At Goupil's Gallery, No. 772 Broadway, corner 9th-st., from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Admission 25 cents.

THE CONCERT OF MAY 6 WILL BE REpeated at the Mission Chapel of the Madison-avenue Presbyterian Church on MONDAY EVENING, May 18 (Monday) EVENING. Tickets 50 cents; for sale at the door; tickets purchased for the previous concert will be available.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT, commencing MONDAY, May 18, 1863, trains will leave depot, as follows:
For Albany—10:30 A. M., stopping at Williamsbridge, White Plains, Bedford, Croton Falls and all stations North to Chatham, Chatham Centre, Kinderhook and Schodack, connecting with New-York Central Railroad for all points West, and with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga and all points North.
For Croton Falls—8:15 A. M., stopping at all stations.
For White Plains—9:15, 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, 5 P. M., stopping at all stations.
For White Plains—6:15 P. M., from White-st. depot.
For Dover Plains—4 P. M., stopping at White Plains and stations North to Dover.
For Williamsbridge—6:15, 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, 5, 6:15 and 6:30 P. M., stopping at all stations.
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE
Albany—8:30 A. M., on arrival of Western and Western trains; stopping at all stations from Chatham to Croton Falls, also Bedford, White Plains and Williamsbridge.
Dover Plains—8:40 A. M., stopping at all stations North of and at White Plains.
Croton Falls—3 P. M., stopping at all stations.
White Plains—6:10, 7, 8:00 A. M., 12:30, 4:15 P. M., stopping at all stations.
Williamsbridge—6:30 A. M., stopping at all stations.
JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave
FROM CHAMBERS-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:30, 12:27 A. M., and 4:27 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with 10:27 P. M. sleeping car,) 10:30 P. M.
On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M., from 30th-st.
Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the house, to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS.

FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

Continued from First Page.

Macon as possible; and two volunteer scouts, private Poe, of the Second Iowa, and private PARKER, of the Sixth Illinois, who had offered to do the work, backed out at 1400 from the perilous undertaking. Believing it to be very important that a feint should be made toward Macon, and no one appearing willing to do it, Col. PRINCE—soon after starting on this morning of April 22—offered the work to Capt. FORBES, of Company B, Seventh Illinois.

Capt. FORBES, whose command numbered only 35 men and officers, gladly accepted it, though knowing that, in order to rejoin his regiment, he would have to repass any force which might be following, and march at least 50 miles further than the rest of the command; besides running great risk of being captured, as it was not known what force might be at Macon, nor what force might be following. He was instructed that if a force should be at Macon, he was to try and cross the Okanxubee River, and move toward Decatur, in Newton County, by the shortest route. The gallant Captain proceeded on his perilous journey, and his Colonel says he feared he would never see him again; although he knew that he would accomplish all that could be done by human bravery and prudence.

Before marching this day (the 23d) Capt. GRIMES, with one battalion, was detailed to burn a Confederate shoe manufactory near Starkville. He succeeded in destroying several thousand pairs of boots and shoes, also hats and a large quantity of leather, besides capturing a Quartermaster from Fort Hudson, who was getting supplies for his regiment. The two regiments—the Sixth Illinois in advance—passed through the little village of Louisville at 7½ P. M., and camped ten miles below the latter place at 1 o'clock A. M. of the 23d. The distance marched this day was fifty-seven miles, over the most terrible roads that can be imagined.

The march of the 23d was terrible, because the swamps of the Okanxubee River were overflowed. After moving four miles south of Louisville, they marched a distance of eight miles through a swamp. On each side of the road were enormous trees, and the water was everywhere, from three to four feet deep; with every few hundred yards, a mire hole in which frequently, for a few moments, man and horse were lost to view. The Seventh Illinois being in the rear, found these holes almost impassable, from the action of the large body of cavalry which had preceded them, and they were compelled to leave drowned some twenty noble animals, whose strength was not equal to such an emergency. The men so dismounted removed their saddles, placed them on some other led beasts, and pushed onwards cheerfully.

23d.—They broke camp at 2 o'clock A. M., crossed the Pearl River at 4½ P. M., and took refreshments at Squire Favor's.

A glance at the map will show the importance of Pearl River. Knowing it to be quite high from heavy rains, and aware also that as rebel scouts had preceded them, it was of the utmost consequence to secure Pearl River Bridge, Col. PRINCE, who was in advance with the Seventh Illinois, pushed forward with speed, and, by very fast riding, succeeded in getting to the bridge and driving away a picket, before they had time to tear up more than a few planks, which were replaced in few minutes. The gallant Colonel devoutly speaks of this as one of the many instances in which a divine Providence seemed to be shielding them, using their whole perilous journey; for the destruction of this bridge would have been, in all probability, fatal to the whole expedition.

At 10 o'clock P. M. Col. BLACKBURN, of the Seventh Illinois, was sent forward with 200 men to Decatur, which place he passed through it 4 A. M. (of the 24th,) and captured two trains of cars and two locomotives at Newton Station, at 7 o'clock. The rest of the command arrived at 9 o'clock. The bridges and trestles were found burned six miles each side of the station, 75 prisoners captured and paroled, two warehouses full of commissary stores utterly destroyed by fire, and also four carloads of ammunition, mostly for heavy artillery. The bridges, &c., on the east side of the station were destroyed by the Second battalion of the Sixth Illinois, under Major M. H. STARR. The whole command left Newton at 11 A. M. of the 24th, and marched through Garlandville to the plantation of Mr. BERNAR, about twelve miles from Newton, where they encamped. The distance marched this day and the 24th was eighty miles, and all this without scarcely halting.

25th.—They left camp at Bernar's at 6 A. M., and encamped for the night on Dr. Dunn's plantation, eight miles east of Raleigh. It was at this place they were unhappily compelled to leave two or three soldiers, who were unable to travel further. The distance marched this day was about 29 miles.

26th.—They left camp at sunrise, passed through Raleigh at 8 o'clock A. M., crossed Strong River, near Westville, and fed at Mrs. SMITH's plantation, near Strong River Bridge. The distance marched was 41 miles.

27th.—Col. PRINCE left Mrs. SMITH's with 200 men at 1 A. M., and arrived at the Georgetown Ferry at daylight. The rest of the command came up and crossed during the day. Col. PRINCE immediately proceeded with 200 men to Hazlehurst, cut the telegraph wires, destroyed a number of cars, four of them loaded with ammunition.

Although Col. PRINCE had marched his regiment 41 miles—during a large portion of the time through drenching rain—he firmly believed that as the citizens were arming themselves and the news about them was flying in all directions, it was a matter of life and death that Pearl River should be crossed, and the New-Orleans and Jackson Railroad reached without any delay whatever. He therefore obtained permission from Col. GRIERSON to move directly forward, with 200 picked men of his regiment, to secure the ferry across Pearl River before the enemy should be able to destroy it. The distance to the river was 13 miles, and from there to Hazlehurst's Station was 12 miles. The remainder of the two regiments were to come forward as soon as they were sufficiently rested.

Col. PRINCE started with the 200 at 1 A. M., and reached the bank of the river before daylight, when, contrary to his information, the flatboat was upon the opposite side of the river. Not daring to call out, he spoke to a volunteer, who, with a powerful horse, undertook to swim the river; but the rapidity of this swollen stream carried him below the landing, where there was a quicksand, and he barely returned to shore with his life.

A few moments later a man came down from the house toward the river, and, in true North Carolina accent, asked, in a careless way, if we wanted to cross; to which he got a reply—in a very capital imitation of his twang—that a few of them did want to go across, and that it seemed harder to wake up his nigger ferryman than to catch the d—d conscripts. The proprietor took the bait, apologized for the detention and woke up his ferryman, who immediately brought over the boat, which thenceforward became the property of Uncle Sam—the proprietor all the while believing he was levying his attentions on the First regiment of Alabama cavalry, fresh from Mobile! The breakfast given to the Alabama Colonel that morning was highly relished and appreciated, but too much time was not spent over it, and the importance of speed was clearly proved, only *half an hour* afterwards, when they caught a courier flying to the ferry with the news that the Yankees were coming, and that all the ferries were to be immediately destroyed.

At Hazlehurst Station, Col. PRINCE succeeded in capturing a large number of cars, four or five being loaded with shell and ammunition, and others with army stores. The whole of this property was utterly destroyed.

And here comes one of the most amusing episodes of the whole affair. Capt. FORBES, who, it will be remembered, had been sent to Macon, there met a citizen, who informed him that Col. PRINCE had crossed Pearl River. Having been unable to find Macon, he proceeded then to Hazlehurst, where he was informed that they had gone on to Gallatin. Upon this information, Capt. FORBES proceeded to Gallatin, where he found the place in great panic, the greatest news being that the Yankees were coming. Capt. FORBES, being hungry, stopped at a house to get something to eat, when the lady of the house, supposing he was a rebel officer, ordered her servant to give him the best dinner she had in the house, for he was a gentleman, and she was a lady, and he was the first gentleman she had seen for a long time, and he should have the best she had in the house. The Captain ate the dinner, and then, in the name of Col. GRIERSON, paroled the lady and her servant, and burned the house, with its contents, to the ground. The Captain then proceeded to Brookhaven, where he found